THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly in ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

The Old System
OF HIGH PRICES *VETOED*
BY NORRIS,

At his new cheap Clothing, Hat, Cap, Boot, Shoe and Variety Store, on Chambersburg street, next door to Buehler's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

The public will find at this Store, the largest and most fashionable assortment of Gentlemen's and Boy's wear, in Adams county.

OVER COATS.
Beaver Overcoats, Petersham Overcoats, Seal Skin Overcoats, Cloth Overcoats, Esquimaux Beaver Overcoats, etc., etc.

DRESS AND BUSINESS COATS!
Black Cloth Dress and Sack Coats, Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Knit Woolen Union Coats and Jackets.

PANTS AND VESTS!
Black Cloth Pantaloons, Black Cass mere Pantaloons, Fancy Cassimere Pantaloons, Harris Cassimere Pantaloons, Black Cloth Vests, Silk Grenadine Vests, Plush and Satinet Vests, &c.

HATS AND CAPS.
Resorte Hats, Silk Dress Hats, Dexter Hats, Driving Hats, Clipper Hats, French Hats, Dasher Hats, Broadway Hats, Plush Hats, Morton Hats, Brighton Hats, Mincio Hats, Croquet Hats, Bismark Hats, Peto Hats, Warwick Hats, Metropo'n Hats, U. S. A. Hats, Dunkard Hats, Cassimere Hats, etc., etc. Velvet Caps, Cassimere Caps, Fur Caps, Cloth Caps, McClellan Caps, Navy Caps, Scotch Caps, Petersham Caps, Boy's Caps, Plush Caps, Just THE THING Caps, etc., etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
Men's Calf Skin Boots, Men's Heavy Boots, Boy's Jockey Boots, Sporting Boots, Men's Coarse Shoes, Men's Calf Skin Shoes, Boy's Fine Shoes, U. S. Army Shoes, Gentlemen's Slippers, Gum Overshoes, etc., etc.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
White Linen Shirts, Cassimere Shirts, Linen and Paper Collars, Neck Ties and Butterflies, Handkerchiefs, Woolen and Cotton Stockings, Gloves, Buckskin Gauntlets and Gloves, Woolen Drawers and Undershirts, Scarfs and Comforts, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes, Valises, Trunks, Red Flannel Woolen Drawers, &c.

The above mentioned articles can always be found at the CHEAP STORE of T. C. NORRIS,
Chambersburg st, next door to Buehler's.
Nov. 19, 1866.

What We Want.

IF YOU WANT a cheap Hat buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Fashionable Hat always buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a Hat of any kind for less money than anybody else will sell it for, be sure to buy it of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT good Shoes for Ladies or children, don't be humbugged with damaged auction goods, but buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Shoes or Boots, "that are shoes and boots worth talking about," and no "cheating trash, buy them of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT Overshirts, Drawers, Umbrellas or anything in his line, buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT to be dealt fairly with, get the worth of your money and not be cheated, always buy of H. B. WOODS.

IF YOU WANT a pair of real Number One Heavy Winter Boots, don't buy before you see the superior article for sale by H. B. WOODS.

NEW GOODS.
LATEST ARRIVAL.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS

Have just received a large and complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

of every style and at all prices, to which the attention of buyers is directed. Those in want of good Goods at the lowest possible rates should not fail to give us an early call.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.
Oct. 6, 1866.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.—Having just returned from the City, with a splendid assortment of DRY GOODS, I am now prepared to offer greater inducements to buyers than ever before. My stock consists of every description of Dress Goods, plain and fancy, Cloths, Cassimeres, Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, &c.

—ALSO—

In connection with my Dry Goods, I have opened in an adjoining room a large stock of HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, which I will sell very cheap. Children's Shoes as low as 12½ cents, and other goods at corresponding rates. My stock is well selected, and the most complete yet offered. Give us a call and examine for yourselves. No trouble to show Goods.

SEWING MACHINES.

We are also agent for the Florence Sewing Machine, which is acknowledged to be the best in use. It is the latest improved machine out, having the REVERSABLE FEED, giving it an advantage over all other machines.—Call and see them. M. SPANGLER.
Oct. 6, 1866.

Swan's Grocery.

JOHN M. SWAN has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the public Square, in Gettysburg,

SUGARS.
The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.
His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.
If you want the best, Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE, &c.
His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full, cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.
Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy articles, in short any and everything usually found in a first class Grocery. In laying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves. JOHN M. SWAN.
Nov. 5, 1866.

GO to DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, & buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware, &c., on the northwest Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1867. 49TH YEAR.—NO. 24.

Professional Cards.

Law Partnership.

W. A. DUNCAN & J. H. WHITE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to them, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North West Corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
April 3, 1865. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.
Gettysburg, April 6, 1863. tf

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal's

OFFICE and Dwelling, N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.
Nov. 30, 1863. tf

Dr. D. S. Peffer,

ABBOTTSTOWN, Adams county, continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him
Oct. 3, 1864. tf

Dr. T. O. Kinzer,

HAVING located permanently at BONAUGHTOWN, Adams county, will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.
Aug. 6, 1866. ly

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING located at EAST BERLIN, Adams county, hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. [Apr. 2, '66. tf

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.,

HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horne's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stoever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Battle-field Hotel.

THIS Hotel, being one of the relics of the Battle of Gettysburg, has been renovated and refurnished, and is ready to entertain travellers and the public generally. It being a short distance from the Soldiers' National Cemetery, it affords convenient accommodations for all visiting there, and the subscriber flatters himself that none shall leave him dissatisfied.

Also, Ice Cream and all kinds of refreshments, at all hours, to accommodate promenaders. Give me a call.

JOSEPH LITTLE, Proprietor.
Gettysburg, May 21, 1866. tf

Railroad House,

NEAR THE DEPOT.
HANOVER, YORK CO., PA.

The undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible.—He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember the Railroad House, near the Depot Hanover, Pa. A. P. BAUGHER.
Oct. 2, 1865. tf

Keystone House,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.—*WM. E. MYERS, Proprietor.*

This is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.

There is commodious Stabling attached, with an accommodating ostler always on hand.

This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.
Jan. 14, 1867. tf

Globe Inn,

YORK ST., NEAR THE DIAMOND,
GETTYSBURG, PA.—The undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive hostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square. SAMUEL WOLF.
April 4, 1864. tf

Still at Work!

THE undersigned continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING-TOP AND STANDING TOP BUGGIES CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale. JACOB TROXEL.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle Field, singly, or in sets, very low. Also, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the Battle Field at the Excelsior Gallery. Don't fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

Public Sale

OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, on the road leading from Kohler's mill to Irishtown, (Adams county,) and a short distance from the latter place,

A LOT OF GROUND, whereon are erected one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Stone Out-kitchen, Bake Oven, Smoke House, Frame Barn, Corn Crib, Hog Pen, and all other necessary outbuildings; also a good well of water near the door. At the same time and place will be sold, ANOTHER LOT OF GROUND, containing Acres and 67 Perches, adjoining lands of Joseph Felix, Patrick Dougherty, and others. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been recently well limed.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold, 2 young MILCH COWS, (will be fresh about the time of sale,) and 2 Shoats. Also Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Bedsteads and Bedding, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, thirty hour Brass Clock, Looking Glasses, Pictures, Window Blinds, a lot of Carpeting, Cook Stove and fixtures, tenplate Stove and Pipe, Shovel and Tongs, Sink Bench, Doughtray, Churn, Queensware, Earthenware, Tinware, Knives, Forks, Table Spoons, Iron Kettle, Iron Pots, Pot Rack, Flat Irons, Bacon and Lard by the pound, Corn and Potatoes by the bushel; about 1 acre of Grain in the ground, Wheelbarrow, Winnowing Mill, Forks, Rakes, Scythes, Axes, Wood Saw, Shovels, Spades, Cow Chains, a lot of Bags, together with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by EDWARD COLGAN.
Feb. 11, 1867.* [Adam Oaster, Auct'r.

Public Sale.

ON MONDAY, the 18th day of MARCH next, the subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of Frederick Holtz, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at his late residence, on the New Chester and Oxford road, one-fourth of a mile from the former place, in Straban township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz:

5 head of WORK-HORSES, one of them a fine young Stallion, 1 Two-yearling Colt, 8 head of Milch Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, 1 Sheep, 4 Brood Sows, 25 Shoats, 2 Four-horse Narrow-tread Wagons, 1 One-horse Wagon, 1 Rockaway Buggy, 1 Two-horse Carriage, 1 Threshing Machine, Spring-tooth Rake, Drag Rake, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Ploughs and Harrows, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Double and Single-trees, Horse Gears, Breechbands, Cruppers, Bridles, Saddles, Lines, Whips, Housings, Breast and Butt Chains, Halter and Cow Chains, Log Chains, Jackscrew, Wheel-barrow, Rakes, Forks, Picks, Mattocks, Shovels, and other farming implements. Also Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz:

TABLES AND CHAIRS, Beds and Bedsteads, Cupboard, Eight-day Clock, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Bacon and Lard by the pound, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M, on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by DAVID HOLTZ, JOSEPH HOLTZ, Executors.
Feb. 25, 1867. ts*

Forwarding and Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

Having purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c, heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market price for Flour, Grain and all kinds of produce.

Flour and Feed, Salt, and all kinds of Groceries, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

Plaster, and all kinds of fertilizers, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & EARNSHAW.
Aug. 13, 1866.

Photograph Albums.

THE largest, most beautiful and cheapest lot of Photograph Albums ever offered in Gettysburg just received at the EXCELSIOR GALLERY. Albums holding 50 Pictures only $1 75. Our stock comprises over 30 different styles, among which are the celebrated everlasting Chain and Hinge Back. These Albums we have bought low and are determined to sell lower than the same quality can be bought for anywhere in this county or out of it. C. J. TYSON.
Jan. 28, 1867.

$1,500 **Per Year!** WE want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines.—Three new kinds. Under and upper feed.—Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The ONLY machines sold in the United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are infringements, and the seller or user are *liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.
May 21, 1866. 1sly

Duphorn & Hoffman.

NEW STORE.
ON THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND, GETTYSBURG.
(*Known as Hoke's Corner.*)
DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, CARPETS, QUEENSWARE, &C.,

all of which have been bought at the lowest market prices and will be sold accordingly. Give them a call. No trouble to show Goods.

F. D. DUPHORN,
S. W. HOFFMAN.
Oct. 6, 1866.

Coal and Lumber,

OF every variety, at the Yard of C. H. BUEHLER,
Feb. 19. Cor. Carlisle and Railroad sts.

Bark Wanted.

THE subscriber will pay FIVE DOLLARS per CORD for BLACK OAK BARK, delivered at his Tannery, in Gettysburg.

JOHN RUPP.
June 18, 1866.

Philip Redding,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, will be at his office, (at his residence,) in Cumberland township, on Tuesday and Friday of each week, to give his attention to Justice's business. [Dec. 3, 1866. 4m

THE rush is for the Excelsior Gallery. All are waited upon in rotation and with dispatch. C. J. TYSON.

GET your PHOTOGRAPHS at TYSON'S.

QUEENSWARE, Notions, Dry Goods, &c., in great variety, at DUPHORN & HOFFMAN'S, northwest corner of the Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior. It still stands in the same old place, on York street, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

GRAIN AND GROCERIES.—The highest market price paid for Grain and all kinds of Produce. Groceries, Fertilizers, &c., constantly on hand for sale at the Warehouse of Aug. 13, 1866. CULP & EARNSHAW.

DR. HORNER'S FRAGRANT MYRRH preserves the Teeth, cures all diseases of the gums and purifies the breath.

WHEATON'S ITCH OINTMENT at Horner's Drug Store.

Farmers,

PREPARE FOR YOUR SPRING CROPS.
Baugh's
Raw Bone Phosphate,

a highly popular and dependable Fertilizer, of twelve years' standing, and of which many thousand tons are annually sold.

Maryland Powder of Bone.

Guaranteed free from adulteration and analyzing 54 per cent. Phosphate of Lime, and over 3½ per cent. Ammonia. Uniformly made and fine enough to drill.

Ground Plaster.

A very superior article, manufactured at Red Beach Mills.

No. 1 Peruvian Guano,

Of direct importation, which I will deliver from Government Agent's Warehouse.

☞All of these articles will be furnished at lowest rates. ☞Liberal discount to dealers. ☞Send for a circular.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Nos. 97 and 105 Smith's Wharf,
BALTIMORE, MD.

☞Orders received by Samuel Herbst, Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 28. 3m

Great Conowago Mills.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED.

The undersigned, having remodeled and improved his Mills, near New Chester, Adams county, (formerly called "Walnut Grove," but now "Great Conowago Mills,") is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line with unusual dispatch.

Constantly on hand, for sale or exchange, the very best qualities of Super, Extra and Family FLOUR, also Rye, Corn and Buckwheat Flour, with every variety of Chop and offal of wheat.

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat exchanged for flour and the log sawed, thus saving a double trip—and all because of the new and perfect machinery now employed in these mills.

Having the best of workmen, he will be able to please everybody. Thankful for past favors, he hopes for a continuance of the same. H. J. MYERS.
New Chester, Jan. 14, 1867 3m*

For Sale.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
THE VICTOR SORGO MILL.

Over Five thousand of these Mills have been made and sold in the last three years. The best recommendations can be given.

Also—COOK'S EVAPORATOR, for making Sugar and Molasses, said to be the best in use.

CORN CRUSHERS.

Three different sizes for grinding Corn in the ear, or shelled—or any other kind of grain. This is a machine that every farmer should have, as a bushel of ground feed is equal to a bushel and a half unground. The high price of feed of all kinds makes an imperative demand for some kind of machinery by which to save. It is a rapid grinder and durable.

BELLS FOR CHURCHES,

SCHOOLS, FARM HOUSES, FOUNDRIES, &c. Made of the best steel composition. Church Bells insured for one year.

WILLOUGHBY'S GUM SPRING DRILL,
WITH CROWELL'S GUANO ATTACHMENT.

This is considered one of the best Drills now in use. It will distribute any kind of grain evenly, and sow from one bushel up to three to the acre. The Guano Attachment has given entire satisfaction wherever used. It is so constructed as not to clog in sowing any kind of Phosphates or Bone Meal. Having sold a number of these machines last season, I can fully recommend them to be what they are represented. Persons wishing to buy should make application early as the supply is small and the demand great.

F. F. SMITH'S CAST STEEL PLOUGHS.

First, It is the only Plough yet produced that will invariably scour in any soil.

Second, It is now an established fact that It will last from three to six times longer than any other steel plough in use.

Third, It draws lighter than any other Plough, cutting the same width and depth of furrow.

The different parts of the Plough are cast in moulds, into the exact shape desired for the mould-boards, shares and land-sides, giving the parts most exposed to wear any desired thickness. The shares can be sharpened by any blacksmith. The steel is perfectly malleable and works kindly. Edge tools have been made out of pieces of the plough by blacksmiths all over the country.

For sale by WM. WIBLE, Agent,
Aug. 27, 1866. Near Gettysburg, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

THE GROVER & BAKER.—THE BEST IN USE. These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to Family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞Needles and Thread will also be supplied. J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.
Aug. 27, 1866. tf

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Monday, November 20th, 1865, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 7.45 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.25 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.30 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.20 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg 1.10 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1.20, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 3.15, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 5.30 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 9 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 1.10 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 6.15 P. M. But one change of cars by the first train, either way, viz: at Hanover Junction. The fast line on the Northern Central will not stop at any local stations, except York, Hanover Junction and Parkton. Connections certain. E. McCURDY, Pres't.
Nov. 27, 1865.

Selected Poetry.

FIVE O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING.

AS SUNG BY PAREPA.

The dew lay glittering on the grass,
A mist lay on the brook;
At the earliest beam of the golden sun,
The swallow her nest forsook.
The snowy bloom of the hawthorn tree
Lay thickly the ground adorning;
The birds were singing in every bush,
At five o'clock in the morning.

And Bessie, the milkmaid, merrily sung,
For the meadows were fresh and fair;
The breeze of the morning kissed her brow,
And played with her nut-brown hair;
But oft she turned and looked around,
As if the silence scorning:
'Twas time for the mower to whet his scythe,
At five o'clock in the morning.

And over the meadows the mowers came,
And merry their voices rang;
And one among them wended his way
To where the milkmaid sang;
And as he lingered by her side,
Despite his comrade's warning,
The old, old story was told again,
At five o'clock in the morning.

Agricultural & Domestic.

PROGRESSIVE AGRICULTURE.

The New York Observer answers the question, "What is Progressive Agriculture?" in a few words, but very comprehensively, as follows:

Under its influence spring tasteful and convenient dwellings, adorned with shrubs and flowers, and beautified within with the smiles of happy wives, tidy children in the lap of thoughtful age—broad hearts and acts, as well as words of welcome. Progressive agriculture builds barns and puts gutters on them, builds stables for cattle and raises roots to feed them. It grafts wild apple trees by the meadow with pippins and greenings; it sets out new orchards and takes care of the old ones. It drains low lands, cuts down bushes, buys a mower, house-tools and wagons, keeps good fences and practices soiling. It makes hens lay, chickens live, and prevents swine from rooting up meadows. Progressive agriculture keeps on hand plenty of dry fuel, and brings in the oven-wood for the women. It ploughs deeply, sows plentifully, harrows evenly, and prays for the blessings of heaven.

POTATO PLANTING.—Mr. Brown, of Long Island, has recently published an interesting experiment touching the butt ends and seed ends of potatoes. Last spring he planted four rows of equal length, of two varieties of potatoes. In one row, with each variety, he planted only the "seed ends" of the potato; in the other, the opposite, or "butt ends." These were the pink eyes and peach blows. The yield was as follows: Pink eyes, butt ends, 217 pounds; pink eyes, seed ends, 170 pounds; peach blows, butt ends, 225 pounds; peach blows, seed ends, 179 pounds.

The potatoes raised from the butt ends were much larger than those from the seed ends, and appeared to be from a week to ten days earlier. Had the whole field been planted with butt ends, the yield would have been more than 500 bushels to the acre.

A HORSE'S PETITION TO HIS DRIVER.—"Going up the hill, whip me not; coming down hill, hurry me not; on level road, spare me not; loose in stable, forget me not; of hay and corn, rob me not; of clean water, stint me not; with sponge and brush, neglect me not; of soft dry bed, deprive me not; tired and hot, wash me not; if sick or cold, chill me not; with bit and reins, Oh! jerk me not; and when you are angry, strike me not."

FRUIT PROSPECTS.—A correspondent in New Jersey writes that he has made a wide circuit among the peach orchards, and finds the prospect good in most of them, though some are injured. He finds strawberries, raspberries and blackberries in first rate condition, and promising well for the season. Apples and pears are also good.

THE ESTRAY LAW.—The Erie *Observer* says:—An article which has been going the rounds of most of our local cotemporaries for some time, respecting the duties of persons who pick up estrays, turns out to be full of blunders. The editor of the Crawford Democrat has been incited by it to look up the law on the subject, and finds it to be as follows:

"A particular description is to be delivered to the Town Clerk, within four days after the estray has been taken up, and the Town Clerk is to enter the same upon his book. If the owner shall not appear within ten days after the estray has been taken up, an advertisement shall be inserted in one of the county newspapers, and if the owner shall not claim his property within sixty days after the advertisement, application is to be made to a Justice of the Peace, who shall issue his warrant to a Constable to sell the estray, after giving ten day's notice. Any surplus of money coming from the sale, after all the expenses have been paid, is to be handed over to the County Treasurer. The owner of the estray can reclaim the same within one year."

SAVE YOUR OIL.—We find the following receipt for saving oil—we presume coal oil—in our exchanges. Try it:

Put the wick into the lamp, and fill the latter about half full with coarse salt and then put in it about an inch of oil, and it will be found that a great saving will be the result. The salt wastes away gradually during the burning, and must, therefore, be renewed from time to time. The light is purer and more brilliant than without the salt, and the wick requires no snuffing.

☞Covering the edge of a manger with tin or sheet iron, will prove an effectual remedy to the practice indulged in by many horses, of biting the crib or manger.

TRUE.—An exchange says that it is just as sensible a move to undertake to get married without courting, as to attempt any business without advertising; both often prove abortive.

☞The Greely prize of $100 for the best Grape has been awarded to the *Concord.*

Choice Miscellany.

THE VETO.

The President's Objections to the Reconstruction Bill.

The Measure Denounced as Unconstitutional and Despotic.

Admission of Loyal Southerns to Congress again Recommended.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The reading of the President's Veto of the Reconstruction Bill was begun in the House at ten minutes before two o'clock, this afternoon. It was listened to with respectful attention.

The Message opens very mildly, appealing to Congress as a patriotic body, and asserting that State governments in the South are valid and in operation.

The President then proceeds to denounce the bill as coercive, without precedent, contrary to the Constitution and to humanity, and despotic. He argues at length against the military part of the bill, declaring that the sections which impose military governments upon the States lately in rebellion would establish an absolute despotism, reducing the whole population of the South to abject and degraded slavery.

He goes on to compare the condition of the Southern States under such a law as this, with that of Hungary, Poland and Ireland, and of the countries under the rule of the French Directory; and further declares that there is no power under the Constitution of the United States to adopt or execute such a measure as this.

The bill, he says, reduces the Southern people to a condition of vassalage, yet it has been passed in a time of peace, when all the laws of the United States are enforced and obeyed. There is no foreign invasion, no domestic insurrection, therefore there can be no martial law.

Some persons assume that the success of our arms in crushing the opposition which was made in some of the States to the execution of the Federal laws, reduced those States and all their people—the innocent as well as the guilty—to the condition of vassalage, and gave us a power over them which the Constitution does not bestow, or define, or limit. No fallacy can be more transparent than this. Our victories subjected the insurgents to legal obedience, not to the yoke of an arbitrary despotism.

Invasion, insurrection, rebellion, and domestic violence were anticipated when the Government was framed, and the means of repelling and suppressing them were wisely provided for in the Constitution; but it was not thought necessary to declare that the States in which they might occur should be expelled from the Union. Rebellions, which were invariably suppressed, occurred prior to that out of which these questions grew; but the States continued to exist and the Union remained unbroken. In Massachusetts, in Pennsylvania, in New York, and in Rhode Island, at different periods in our history, violent and armed opposition to the United States was carried on; but the relations of those States with the Federal Government were not supposed to be interrupted or changed thereby, after the rebellious portions of their populations were defeated and put down. It is true that in these earlier cases there was no formal expression of a determination to withdraw from the Union, but it is also true that in the Southern States the ordinances of secession were treated by all the friends of the Union as mere nullities, and are now acknowledged to be so by the States themselves. If we admit that they had any force or validity, or that they did in fact take the States in which they were passed out of the Union, we sweep from under ourselves all the grounds upon which we stand in justifying the use of Federal force to maintain the integrity of the Government.

This is a bill passed by Congress in time of peace. There is not in any one of the States brought under its operation either war or insurrection. The laws of the States and of the Federal Government are all in undisturbed and harmonious operation. The courts, State and Federal, are open, and in the full exercise of their proper authority. Over every State comprised in these five military districts, life, liberty and property are secured by State laws and Federal laws, and the National Constitution is everywhere in force and everywhere obeyed. What, then, is the ground on which this bill proceeds?

The title of the bill announces that it is intended "for the more efficient government" of these ten States. It is recited by way of preamble that no legal State Governments, "nor adequate protection for life or property," exist in those States, and that peace and good order should be thus enforced. The first thing which arrests attention upon these recitals, which prepare the way for martial law, is this—that the only foundation upon which martial law can exist under our form of government is not stated, or so much as pretended.

This bill imposes martial law at once, and its operations will begin so soon as the General and his troops can be put in place. The dread alternative between its harsh rule and compliance with the terms of this measure is not suspended, nor are the people afforded any time for free deliberation. The bill says to them, take martial law first, *then* deliberate. And when they have done all that this measure requires them to do, other conditions and contingencies, over which they have no control, yet remain to be fulfilled before they can be relieved from martial law.

Another Congress must first approve the Constitutions made in conformity with the will of this Congress and must declare these States entitled to representation in both Houses. The whole question thus remains open and unsettled, and must again occupy the attention of Congress, and in the meantime the agitation which now prevails will continue to disturb all portions of the people.

The bill also denies the legality of the Governments of ten of the States which participated in the ratification of the amendment to the Federal Constitution abolishing slavery forever within the jurisdiction of the United States, and practically excludes them from the Union. If this assumption of the bill be correct, their concurrence cannot be considered as having been legally given, and the important fact is made to appear that the consent of three-fourths of the States—the requisite number—has not been constitutionally obtained to the ratification of that amendment, thus leaving the question of slavery where it stood before the amendment was officially declared to have become a part of the Constitution.

That the measure proposed by this bill does violate the Constitution in the particulars mentioned, and in many other ways which I forbear to enumerate, is too clear to admit of the least doubt. It only remains to be considered whether the injunctions of that instrument ought to be obeyed or not.

In the first place, it is the only system of free government which we can hope to have as a nation. When it ceases to be the rule of our conduct, we may perhaps take our choice between complete anarchy, a consolidated despotism, and a total dissolution of the Union; but national liberty, regulated by law, will have passed beyond our reach.

It is the best frame of government the world ever saw. No other is or can be so well adapted to the genius, habits or wants of the American people.

It is a part of our public history which can never be forgotten that both Houses of Congress, in July, 1861, declared in the form of a solemn resolution that the war was and should be carried on for no purpose of subjugation; but solely to enforce the Constitution and laws; and that when this was yielded by the parties in rebellion, the contest should cease, with the constitutional rights of the States and of individuals unimpaired. This resolution was adopted and sent forth to to the world, unanimously by the Senate and with only two dissenting voices in the House.

It was accepted by the friends of the Union in the South, as well as in the North, as expressing honestly and truly the object of the war. On the faith of it, many thousands of persons in both sections gave their lives and their fortunes to the cause. To repudiate it now by refusing to the States and to the individuals within them the rights which the Constitution and laws of the Union would secure to them, is a breach of our plighted honor for which I can imagine no excuse, and to which I cannot voluntarily become a party.

He then quotes the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the Milligan case, and minority report of Chief Justice Chase in the same case.

The United States, he says, must guaranty to all the States a republican form of government; but this bill abolishes every vestige of such a government.

The President utters a remonstrance against Africanizing the Southern part of our territory, and contends that the purpose and object of this bill is to change the entire structure and character of the State Governments. The negroes, he says, have not asked for the privilege of voting, and do not know what it means; and he adds that, according to this bill, the constitutional amendment has not yet abolished slavery.

The President concludes by saying:—

While we are legislating upon subjects which are of great importance to the whole people, and which must effect all parts of the country, not only during the life of the present generation, but for ages to come, we should remember that all men are entitled at least to a hearing in the councils which decide upon the destiny of themselves and their children. At present ten States are denied representation, and when the Fortieth Congress assembles on the fourth day of the present month; sixteen States will be without a voice in the House of Representatives. This grave fact, with the important questions before us, should induce us to pause in a course of legislation which, looking solely to the attainment of political ends, fails to consider the rights it transgresses, the law which it violates, or the institutions which it imperils.

THE GRAF, GRAFF, GROFF OR GROVE ESTATE.

It seems that the Graf's, Graff's, Groff's and Groves's of this country are all *equally* interested in the prosecution of the investigation now being made by J. Hervey Ewing, a lawyer of Baltimore, looking to the recovery

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, March 11, 1867.

COUNTY COMMITTEE MEETING.

Hon. R. J. Fisher recommended for Supreme Judge.

The Democratic Committee of this county met at Wolf's hotel, in this place, on Friday last—Wm. A. Duncan, Esq., in the Chair, and W. Ross White, Esq., appointed Secretary.

After full deliberation, the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen to represent the Democracy of this county in the State Judicial and Mass Conventions:

Hon. Wm. McSherry, Representative Delegate to Judicial Convention; Wm. McClean, Esq., Senatorial Delegate to Mass Convention, and Messrs. W. S. Hildebrand and F. N. W. Bowers Representative Delegates to the same.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend to the Democratic Judicial Convention Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, for the position of Associate Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a gentleman of integrity, a scholar ripe in legal knowledge, and a patriot untiring in his devotion to the best interests of our common country—eminently qualified in every respect—he will, if nominated and elected, reflect honor upon the State and Bench. And we hereby instruct our Delegate this day chosen to the Judicial Convention, to vote for him and use all honorable efforts to effect his nomination.

—Judge Fisher has presided in the Courts of this county for a number of years, and won the esteem and confidence of the people to an extent enjoyed by few. Possessing legal attainments of an exalted order, coupled with integrity as unfaltering as pure, his decisions have in almost every case stood the test in the highest judicial tribunal of the State. The people of this county would part with Judge Fisher's services with regret, but should there be a call for him to a wider field, it would become them to yield their own preference for the general good. And they would do so with some degree of cheerfulness because they know his fitness and deservings. With his name upon the State ticket next fall, Adams would respond with her best efforts for his success.

REJECTING THE WIDOWS OF SOLDIERS.

The "soldiers' friends" of the Rump Senate appear to entertain very little respect for soldiers' widows. Among the batch of rejections by that dignified body on Friday was Mrs. Elizabeth P. Humphreys, as Post Mistress at Coatesville, this State. Mrs. H's. husband was a soldier, who was killed at the battle of Bull Run. She is a most estimable lady, with four small children, and is very poor. There were no complaints against her official capacity, for there could be none, but a few negro-equality politicians of Coatesville demanded her rejection, basing their demand on the fact that "she received her appointment from President Johnson," and the Rump made haste to obey the demand. The Democratic Senators tried their best to save the soldier's widow, but their efforts were unavailing, and Mrs. Humphreys was rejected and deprived of the little office the President had given her. Was there ever a more heartless set of political demagogues than those who compose the majority of the Rump Senate?

IMPEACHMENT REPORT.

The majority of the impeachment committee made a report to the Rump House on the 3d. It states that "the committee regrets its inability definitely to dispose of the important subject committed to its charge," and admits "the incompleteness of its labors."

Hon. A. J. Rogers, in the minority, says, in his report:

"I have carefully examined all the evidence in the case and do report that there is not one particle of evidence to sustain any of the charges which the House charged the committee to investigate; that the case is wholly without a particle of evidence upon which impeachment could be founded; and that, with all the effort that has been made, and the mass of evidence that has been taken, the case is entirely bald of proof."

He further adds that the testimony is merely of a secondary character, and such as would not be received in a court of justice. This, for the present, ends the impeachment hubbub.

Democratic Victories.—The Democrats elected their mayor in Albany, N. Y., on Tuesday, by 168 majority!

In Troy, N. Y., the Democrats elected their mayor by 245 *majority*!

In Rochester, N. Y., the Democrats won an unprecedented victory, electing their mayor by 392 majority, a gain of 1,396!

The town elections in Erie county, N. Y., resulted in the election of fourteen Democratic and eleven Republican Supervisors, being a Democratic gain of four, as compared with last year!

Day is breaking!

☞ On the day when the niggers voted in Georgetown, the Rads of the Rump House quashed a bill for granting suffrage to the white intelligent foreigners of the District of Columbia. According to the Radical view, therefore, foreigners haven't manhood enough to enjoy the privilege of voting. The "rights of man," they say, mean only the rights of negroes.

"Manhood Suffrage"—What is it?—This is a very common term at the present time, and is in the mouth of every Radical. Like all catch phrases, it is designed and intended to deceive and mislead the unwary, but it shall not if we can prevent it. Its true meaning is *negro suffrage and negro equality.*

☞ A general Fenian rising in Ireland has taken place. Numbers have been killed on both sides. Troops are being hurried over from England, and in Dublin the conclusion has already been reached that the rising is a failure.

☞ Advices from the Cape of Good Hope bring the sad intelligence that Dr. Livingston, the celebrated African explorer, has been killed by the Caffres.

☞ Another street car conductor was arrested and held to answer, on the 4th, in Philadelphia for excluding a darkey from his car.

GEORGETOWN ELECTION—FIRST NEGRO TRIUMPH.

The negroes and their friends—the white negro-equality disunionists—are rejoicing over the result of the Georgetown election. Sumner referred to it in a speech in the Senate a few days ago, and congratulated his friends "on the *progress* of the great progressive party." Bully Chandler, too, the miserable sot who occupies the seat once occupied by the great and good Lewis Cass, spoke of the election in rapturous strains, and predicted that this was "but the beginning of what is to follow in all sections of the country."

Let sober-minded men—men of sense and honor—reflect for a moment on the outrage perpetrated upon the property holders of Georgetown, by the operation of the negro-suffrage bill made applicable to that city. Previous to the war the whole number of male negroes over 21 years of age in Georgetown did not reach quite 300. Now, this *same class of negroes number nearly 1,000. Some 700 of* them, then, are strangers—negroes from other States—*who emigrated* there during the rebellion, to receive rations and clothing from the Freedmen's Bureau. These 700 voted at the recent election, *and so did the 300 native negroes*, and by their votes the mulatto, Charles D. Welsh, is elected Mayor, and the men who own the property of the city have no say in its government. Vagabond blacks, who are not even natives of the place, and nearly all of whom have been loafing there at the expense of the government, are the rulers in Georgetown! This is "but the beginning of what is to follow," says drunken Chandler of Michigan. That is, the negroes are soon to rule all over the land, and the white men who made the country what it is are to stand aside and look on!

What are we coming to? Are the white men of this nation sleeping, or have they yielded up all manly independence, all pride of character, to a miserable party spirit that requires them to recognize a negro as their equal; nay more, that requires them to recognize a negro as their master and ruler and the guardian of their property? If the white men of America permit this state of things—this negro-fobia and fanaticism to go on much longer—instead of being a white man's government, this will be a negro government to all intents and purposes. Radicalism is determined to bring this about, and the rejoicings of the negro-equality advocates over the result of the Georgetown election, is because they think they see the commencement of what is to follow in all the States.—*Carlisle Volunteer.*

☞ The "Grand Army of the Republic" is the name of a formidable Radical military organization which has been for some time forming to back up Congress when the Radical leaders think the time has come to depose President Johnson. It seems the organization was first started to help Union soldiers, and, after a sufficient number of veterans of all parties had been roped in, the machinery was seized upon by the Radicals, who have been secretly but efficiently enrolling their followers until now they claim to have half a million men pledged to take the field when the signal is given. This is, doubtless, an exaggeration, but they are strong enough, at present, to be worth inquiring into. It is noticeable that the leaders of this dangerous body are all anti-Grant men. Butler is understood to head the organization in New England, and Gen. Rush C. Hawkins, who has published his dislike of the Lieutenant General, is the Head-Center in New-York.—*Erie Observer.*

The *Patriot & Union* says: "Thousands of Democratic soldiers who had been inveigled into that grand Radical trap—the Grand Army of the Republic—have left the organization—declaring that its objects are mainly political, and some of them so unmanly and treasonable that no true patriot or soldier can remain after getting an insight into the motives of the leaders."

TROUBLE IN TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS, March 6.—*The Avalanche* is out to-day in a leader defying Brownlow and the Tennessee Legislature, so far as concerns their announcement to suppress by arms the conservative sentiment of the State and their calling out an army of Radical rebels for a three-years' war. The feeling of apprehension that exists in this section over the threatened military measures against Union citizens and papers by the hordes whom Brownlow has called out is intense, and it is feared that, should pacific measures not obtain that the State is on the verge of an internecine conflict, as a fixed determination prevails among all the conservative electors to defend themselves against the disunionists, headed by Brownlow.

Rewarded.—The Senate has rewarded another soldier for devotion to the country. On the 23d of February Major Grant Weidman was rejected by the Senate as Assessor of the Lebanon district. Major W. was a gallant soldier in the Federal army in the late war—his father died in the service in command of a company of cavalry, and his brother served as lieutenant to the close of the war. The grandfather was a soldier of the Revolution. The President appoined Major Weidman Assessor about three months ago; but the Senate rejects him because he is a patriot, and will not fall down and worship the great black idol. This is the way the Radicals reward soldiers. —*Doylestown Democrat.*

An Honest Confession.—The New York *Tribune* has moments of remorse in which it tells the truth. In a late number, Mr. Greeley makes this *confession*:

"The Republican party is mortal, like all parties which preceded it, and it will die when its time comes. *It has made* great mistakes. *It has been misled into putting thieves and swindlers into power, and these robbed the nation, to its sore discredit and injury.*"

☞ The nation is fortunate in having the Hon. James Brooks, of New York, in the present Rump Congress. He is an able debater and skillful parliamentarian. *No wrong will be permitted to* go unscathed while he holds a seat in that body.

Negroes not Allowed to Vote in New York.—The New York Assembly on Wednesday voted down a proposition to let negroes in that State vote for delegates to the constitutional convention. Yet a majority of this same New York Legislature are in favor of thrusting negro suffrage upon their countrymen in the South—and not only that, but in favor also of keeping them out of the Union until they consent to it.—*Express.*

☞ Charles F. Browne, better known as "Artemus Ward," *died at Southampton*, England, on the 6th.

☞ It seems probable that Congress will soon either take a recess for several months, or adjourn until fall.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27, 1867.

FRIEND SCAHLE:—Among the numerous things which transpired at the capital of the great State of Pennsylvania during the session of its Legislature, is the session or meeting of the State Temperance Convention. From outside talk and inside view, I would come to the conclusion that the Convention is fully represented. Mr. Cessna addressed the meeting one night in the Court-house. I did not hear him, but heard several say that he spoke as though he wanted to say that he *would like to be our next* Governor. On Wednesday evening the "Great Philosopher," Horace Greely, gave us a lecture. *I did not hear much* of their proceedings, but learn that the nigger and politics stuck out at various points in the speeches of the delegates.

I was somewhat amused with an incident in the House of Representatives, which I casually visited on Wednesday afternoon.

A bill was up for the incorporation of a Society of Germans in the city of Philadelphia, styled the "Mænnerchor."—As its name indicates, "it is something like a German singing school, and nothing more. This being a German Society, the spirit of Know Nothingism, which still predominates in that party, could not let this opportunity slip without heaping some insult upon this society. *Mr. Mann, the gentleman who said sometime ago that he did not consider himself any* better in any respect, than a negro, offered an amendment to one of the sections designating who shall be members of this association—that there shall be *no distinction of race or color.* This gave rise to a very animated debate, and the ayes and nays being called by some Democrat, the discreet Radicals became alarmed for fear it savored too much of Know Nothingism, and every effort was made to get out of the difficulty which their indiscreet friend brought them into. I left before the matter was settled, but learned afterwards that by the decision of the House the whole matter was quashed without taking a vote on it, on the ground that the Courts have power to grant the bill.

There seems to be no end to the bills where trials for crimes are to be taken from the Democratic counties, where they were committed, to Republican counties for trial, usually called "a change of venue." The criminals on the Republican side must be getting very numerous, and their crimes very heinous, or they would not resort to such a trick.

Yesterday a bill was presented in place by some Lincolnite to declare the birthday of Abraham Lincoln a public holiday. I presume Congress will recognize this day before the Holy Sabbath, which they so disgracefully desecrated a few days ago by passing one of the most infamous bills ever enacted in a free government on the Sabbath.

Simon Cameron, our lately elected United States Senator, gave an invitation to the members of the General Assembly to visit Washington, to be present at the swearing in of the "Winnebago" as Senator of the United States. A special train is to leave Harrisburg to-morrow morning to take our law-makers to the capitol of the once great nation of the U. S. In accordance with this, I was told, the Senate adjourned over to Tuesday, and the House to the same time. This is the way the present negro-loving Legislature is passing away its time. But what of all this? there is no doubt they will help themselves to a good salary at the end of their *hard* labors.

SOJOURNER.

HARRISBURG, March 7, 1867.

MR. STAHLE:—Since my last, nothing unusual has transpired at the State Capital. Everybody seems to be wagging along as usual. The weather is very unfavorable to pedestrians, as the roads in the country and streets in the city are horrible. In short, our merchants are complaining bitterly about dull times, and the laboring class are not far behind them. There seems to be no class prospering so well now as the *three* Houses of the Legislature. I say *three*, because it is acknowledged on all hands that the present Legislature is composed of three different and distinct branches,—the Senate, the House of Representatives, and the Lobby, or more commonly called the "*Third House.*" The latter seems *to be the busiest, and are doing* the most of the legislation; at least in making out and maturing the most difficult bills. They are *an active and* shrewd set, and what they lack in wit, they amply make up in the *rino.* So, you see, legislation goes on prosperously.

A few days ago—a week or so—the Speakers of the respective branches of the Legislature announced the fact that Simon Cameron had tendered a *cordial invitation to all the members* to visit Washington *on the 4th inst.*, to witness his induction into the Senate of the United States, and that a special train would be ready on Saturday *morning*, the 2nd, to take them to the place of the great and imposing scene, without money or price, *and irrespective of party predilections.* In accordance with this programme, the Legislature adjourned over from Friday *till Tuesday night. Nearly, if not quite,* all, the Republicans, *and probably a few* Democrats, embraced this opportunity to see the elephant. Well, the special train, as promised, was in readiness on Saturday, and the eager crew, accompanied by some of their families, entered the cars, and off went the train. In due time they arrived at Baltimore; but, lo and behold, no train was there to take them to Washington. Here they were, one looking hither and another thither, for help, but all seemed to be in vain. At last, Senator Bigham, from Pittsburg, who is always *ready to find out ways and means when in danger or trouble*, said he knew how to arrange this matter—that he was personally acquainted with Mr. Garrett, the President of the B. and O. R. R. Co., and that he would at once go and see him about their troubles. Off trots Mr. Bigham, and, sure enough, the conveyance was procured through Mr. B. and Mr. Garrett, and off they went rejoicing at their safe delivery from their truly desponding condition in Baltimore. On arriving in Washington they repaired to Willard's; each one, however, had to look to number one as best they could, until Monday morning, when the imposing ceremony of swearing in the Great *Winnebago was to take place.* Well, when the hour arrived, our worthies all repaired to the Capitol, and thronged to the entrance of the Senate Chamber; Mr. Bigham, the bell-weather of the flock, being in front, thinking that all the requisite arrangements were made to give them conspicuous seats in the Hall of the Senate, *to witness* the ceremony as promised by Simon himself at Harrisburg. Here they stood like the child in the mud, there being no admittance for them. Our Democratic Senators, Buckalew and Cowan, seeing their sad condition, Mr. B. offered a resolution to admit them into the Senate Chamber, and, reader, how do you think the vote stood on this resolution? But two voted in the affirmative, viz: Buckalew and Cowan. *So our Republican members* had to go on the galleries among the negroes, and see what they could see, and smell too. I heard it also said that as soon as Mr. Buckalew offered the resolution to admit these Cameronites, the Senators, as though of one mind, all locked their desks, fearing the immediate presence of our Republicans who elected Simon. After seeing what they could see from the galleries, in company with their particular friends, the negroes, they again returned to their lodgings, and in due time arrived again, in good health and in no way abated spirits, in Harrisburg, on Tuesday afternoon.

I have been told that in the evening of Tuesday's session, a waggish Democrat in the House offered a joint resolution of inquiry *as to the treatment our* Legislature received from the hands of their loyal friends at Washington, and that authority be given to send for persons and papers. But it would not take with the majority, and the resolution received no further notice than a reading by the Clerk. Thus ended the *great show at Washington.*

SOJOURNER.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS,

THE SPRING ELECTION.—We would remind our Democratic friends throughout the county, that the election for township and election officers takes place on Friday next, (the 15th inst.) It is important that every Democrat should give this election his whole attention, and see that good trusty men are elected to fill the different offices. It is often through the apathy of our Democratic friends that Abolitionists are elected to fill some of the offices in townships that are strongly Democratic. Let there be a grand rally on the part of the Democratic and conservative citizens in support of men who will favor a white man's government.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.—We are told that the Maryland Legislature has passed a bill for the construction of a Railroad from Washington city, through Frederick city, to the Pennsylvania line. The friends of the enterprise at Frederick are rejoicing at the prospect of an early commencement of the work.

GAS COMPANY.—The annual election for President and Managers of the Gettysburg Gas Company took place on Monday evening, and resulted in the choice of the following gentlemen: President, M. Jacobs; Managers, J. B. Danner, H. D. Wattles, F. G. Fahnestock, T. D. Carson, A. D. Buehler and Wm. A. Duncan. This is the old Board, except Mr. Duncan, who beat D. McConaughy.

CHILD DROWNED.—On Monday last, a child about four years old, son of Wm. O'Brien, was drowned at Francis Cole's saw-mill, in this county. It is supposed that the child undertook to cross the race on a board, and losing its balance, fell in, and was drowned. Having been missed shortly after, search was instituted, and the body found at the saw-mill gate, to which point it had been carried by the water. Life was entirely extinct. We sympathise with the parents in this heart-rending bereavement.

LECTURES.—Prof. Delauny, of Philadelphia, will deliver a series of four Lectures on Rome and Athens, modern and ancient, Italy and Pompeii, Egypt and Nineveh, the Catacombs of Rome, or tour through Europe, in the College church. The whole will be illustrated by 450 photographic views, sketched by himself.—The gentleman comes highly recommended, and cannot fail of giving universal satisfaction. The lectures will be given on the evenings of the 11th, 12th, 14th and 15th of March. Tickets for the whole course, 50 cents; for sale at A. D. Buehler's, Fahnestock Brothers, and Dr. R. Horner's.

THEFT.—The residence of Mr. J. M. Rowe, on High street, in this place, was entered on Thursday night, by some evil disposed person, and a small quantity of money, with a purse, a breast-pin and several finger-rings, taken therefrom. *The thief suddenly decamped* upon hearing Mr. R. coming down stairs. An unsuccessful attempt was made, the same night, to enter Mr. Henry Little's residence, on Middle street, no doubt with the intention to steal. Our police must be on the alert.

BRINKERHOFF'S CORN SHELLER.—From a careful examination of this machine, the other day, we are convinced that it is not to be excelled. It seems to have every point that could be desired. See advertisement, containing the highest testimonials, in another column.—Mr. Wm. Wible has been fortunate in securing the patent right for Pennsylvania and Maryland.

CHEWING TOBACCOS.—Messrs. Welsh, Dellone & Co., Hanover, Pa., continue to be largely engaged in the manufacture of Chewing Tobaccos, and spare no pains to supply orders promptly and satisfactorily. The firm is an enterprising, "go-ahead" one, and reliable in every respect. We are assured that they use none but the best Virginia leaf in their business, and such being the case, those who deal with them may rely upon getting a genuine article. Storekeepers generally in *this county will find it to their interest* to patronize Messrs. Welsh, Dellone & Co.

STAMPS ON NOTES.—An exchange says: Promissory notes are liable to a stamp duty of five cents for each $100 or fractional part thereof. If a note contains any special agreement, such as waiving the stay of execution, right to inquisition, appeal, or exemption, it is liable to an additional duty of five cents. Notes containing *a confession of judgment* are liable to an additional stamp of fifty cents when entered on record. Sealed notes are liable to the same duty as other notes, and *no more.*

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The President signed the amendatory Tax bill on Saturday week. A uniform tax of $5 per thousand on cigars is established, and whiskey remains the same as under the old bill, $2 per gallon. Incomes are exempted to the amount of $1,000.

ARRESTED.—On Sunday evening officers Rouzer and Heisner arrested a man named Charles Martin, on suspicion of being the person who forced an entrance, some weeks ago, into the warehouse of Mr. Sheely, at New Oxford, and rifled the safe of a sum of money. He was conveyed to the Gettysburg Jail to await trial.—*Hanover Spectator.*

SINGULAR.—The York *Press* says:—We learn that a hog nine months old was killed by J. B. Sykes, of Shrewsbury township, York county, which weighed, when dressed, but seventy pounds. The hog from some unaccountable reason, would never thrive, and when opened it was found to contain four perfect kidneys, *each independent of the other.*

☞ The U. S. Senate having rejected the nomination of Col. R. C. Swope as Collecter for this district, the duties of the position devolve upon J. K. Bowles, of Bedford, the senior deputy.

P. S.—The *Inquirer* says R. F. Myers, Esq., of the Bedford *Gazette*, has been appointed Collector, in place of Col. Swope.

☞ Another attempt was made to burn Rheem's Hall, in Carlisle, on Tuesday morning last. It was fired in three places, and was only saved by the great exertions.

A BROAD HINT.—We owe a number of people who say they want their money between this and the first of April. It would afford us much pleasure to accommodate them, but to enable us to do so, our friends in arrears must promptly pay up. We got rid of an old "bounty" debt the other day, but it took all our winter's earnings to reach it. In this "dilapidated" condition of our finances, we must be excused for calling on ALL indebted to give us an immediate "lift"—not months hence, but now. Thus we may be enabled to pay those whom we owe—they whom they owe—*and so on, until* probably the money used in paying us will get back into the same pockets, and "nobody hurt," with a number of honest debts paid. Come along, friends, and try the experiment. It will certainly hit somewhere.

Those who have received written "duns" are earnestly urged to give them their immediate attention. "*Delays are dangerous.*"

"J. N." NOT DEAD.—Not a bit of it! He writes us from Washington city under date of March 5, that "sympathy is still sufficient to lift the veil which enshrouds" him, and that he has concluded "to address the people of Gettysburg in the Court-house on Tuesday night"—to "*strike for truth*," and "assume all the prejudices." His letter closes with this characteristic "N. B.: Tuesday night of next week, the 12th. Lift the veil. I will assume all the pressure on myself.

J. N."

FINE PIG.—Mr. Elias Spangler, of Arendtsville, recently slaughtered a pig seven months old which weighed 230 pounds! This is another gratifying evidence of improvement in the hog stock of this county.

☞ Advertisements continue to encroach on our reading-matter space. Patience, friends. We shall make more room presently, in one way or another.

☞ Sheriff Hann removed with his family to the Jail on Tuesday last. The "flitting" was an unusually large one, and very pleasant.

☞ The State Senate has passed a bill to incorporate the Gettysburg Asylum for Invalid Soldiers.

☞ Government Property at Private Sale, consisting of all kinds of Harness, etc., advertised in this issue by Messrs. Pitkin & Co., of Philadelphia, New York and Washington, D. C.

☞ Hoop Skirts of a Superior Quality, "Hopkins' own make,"—New Spring Styles,—advertised in this issue. Ladies make a note of the fact.

☞ Circulate Democratic sentiments, by subscribing for the *Gettysburg Compiler.*

ALLEGED HEAVY BANK DEFALCATION.

[From the Baltimore Sun of Monday.]

The business community generally was considerably exercised on Saturday by rumors of a heavy defalcation having been perpetrated in the Mechanics' National Bank. It is alleged that Mr. Callender, government examiner, in the course of recent investigations discovered that a defalcation had been going on during the last twenty-seven years in the bank, amounting, up to the present time, it is supposed, to not less than $300,000. On Saturday evening Samuel H. Wentz, the general book-keeper, and John H. Rogers, the paying teller of the institution, were arrested, and on being taken before Justice Hayward, Rogers was released on $10,000 bail, and Wentz committed *to await the action of the grand* jury, the charge against them being in connection with the defalcation of funds and drafts belonging to the bank. Mr. *Wentz has been connected with the Me*chanics' Bank for thirty-five years, and Mr. Rogers has been in the employ of the institution for twenty years. A meeting of the Presidents of the different city banks was held on Saturday evening, and after a careful examination of the affairs of the bank, they expressed themselves satisfied with the ability of the institution, and resolved to sustain it. The officers of the bank give notice that it will be enabled to meet all its liabilities, but for the present the transfer books will be closed.

☞ Radical organs do not publish the veto message on the despotism bill, but they are prolific of falsehoods about it. They feel certain that their words of misrepresentation and detraction would appear not only puny but infamous, and hence conceal it from their readers. They know their dupes durst not look into a Democratic or Conservative paper for it.

☞ The New York *World* pronounces President Johnson's veto of the Subjugation bill the most able, the most convincing, and the most important state paper ever submitted to the American people.

☞ The Fortieth Congress met at noon on Monday, and organized by the re-election of Colfax as Speaker and McPherson as Clerk. Ben. Wade was chosen President *pro tem.* of the Senate. The work of destruction will doubtless be vigorously continued.

Married,

On the 26th ult., by Rev. Joseph Sherfy, Mr. MOSES C. BENNER, of Adams county, Pa., to Miss LYDIA F., daughter of Daniel Sheaffer, Esq., of Carrol county, Md.

☞ We offer our congratulations to the happy couple, and wish them all *the joys of a sunny* wedded life. May peace and plenty crown their days—may *health always attend them*—may prosperity never leave them—and may they "live long in the land."

On the 28th ult., at the house of Joseph Wolff, by Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. HENRY QUICKEL, of Utica, Indiana, to Miss SUSAN WITMOR, daughter of Capt. H. Witmor, of Straban township, this county.

On the 7th inst., at the Globe Inn, in this place, by Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. SOLOMON HELWIG, of Catawissa, to Miss SOPHIA LONG, of Snyder county, Pa.

On the 26th ult., at Houser's Hotel, New Oxford, by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. GEORGE C. SMITH to Miss SALLIE E. LEREW, both of Petersburg, Adams county, Pa.

On the 17th ult., at the Ev. Lutheran Parsonage, Littlestown, by Rev. S. Henry, Mr. GEORGE W. HARNER to Miss ANN CATHARINE BLETNER, both of this county.

On the 24th ult., at the Parsonage, by the same, Mr. NICODEMUS HUFF, of Carroll county, Md., to Miss ANNA M. ICKES, of this county.

On the 28th ult., by Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. JOHN N. SOCKS to Miss HENRIETTA A. STOVER, both of Cumberland township.

Died,

On the 26th ult., HENRY SPALDING, Esq., of Germany township, aged 77 years 5 months and 21 days.

On Friday, 1st inst., in Cashtown, Miss SUSAN NORRIS, in the 43d year of her age.

On the 26th of Nov., 1866, in Mountpleasant township, Mr. JACOB CLAPSADDLE, aged 79 years 8 months and 5 days.

On the 25th of Feb., near Logansport, Indiana, Mr. CONRAD PLANK, aged 64 years 5 months and 1 day.

Communicated.

On the 27th ult., PETER J. HUMMELBAUGH, son of Jacob Hummelbaugh, of Cumberland township, aged 22 years 7 months and 9 days.

They are going one by one,
The young, the fair, the brave—
Their work on earth is done—
Their rest is in the grave.
We see the vacant chair—
We hear the voice no more—
We miss their love and care,
And their early loss deplore.

Special Notice Column.

Brandreth's Pills.—These Pills are safe and sure. They are prepared by a process which secures all the best qualities of the herbs of which they are composed, without any of their bad. They benefit in all cases and do harm in none.

See B. Brandreth is in the white letters on the Government stamp.

Feb. 25, 1867. 1m

Gone Forever!

So say the ladies of their beauty, when the mirror shows them their once jet or golden ringlets streaked with gray. But never was there a more

FALSE CONCLUSION.

Though the hair be as white as Time's own forelock, or worse still, as red as a fiery meteor—

PRESTO!

It is invested in a moment with the most magnificent black or brown by the agency of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

a perfectly wholesome and purely vegetable preparation. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, *New York.* Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

Feb. 25, 1867. 1m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of the choice root, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effectual antidote for diseases. Sarsaparilla *is reputed to cure*, but *Sarsaparilla in any quantity* is useless when *suffer from* Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove, as our *afflicted fellow-citizens.* How completely this compound will do it has been *proven by* experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following communities:

Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, Skin Diseases, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Eruptions, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring Worm, &c.

Scrofula or Venereal Disease is expelled from the system by the prolonged use of this Sarsaparilla, and the patient is left in comparative health.

Female Diseases are caused by Scrofula in the blood, and are often soon cured by this Extract of Sarsaparilla.

Do not discard this invaluable *medicine*, because you have been imposed upon by something pretending to be Sarsaparilla, while it was not. When you have used AYER'S—then, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparilla. For minute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer to Ayer's American Almanac, which the agent below named will furnish gratis to all who call for it.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, for the cure of Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Worms, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg, Pa.

March 11, 1867. 2m

New Life.

"Nothing like it." Will everybody says, must be true—hence the general verdict. It always relieves the most pain. Are you nervous, out worn, complain of physical weakness, a general debility which makes those of either sex feel as though they "didn't know how they felt," and wished for something or a harmless nature to arouse them, give fresh vitality, and put new life into them? Use Radway's Ready Relief—the most efficient compound remedy that can be made. To the Dyspeptic, the Rheumatic, and those afflicted with Sciatica, say we the same, *It will in deed to all ages, sexes and conditions.* In severe cases of Diarrhœa and Dysentery, use nothing else in arresting the malady, and if you are "shaking away" with Chills and Fever, apply it externally, as well as internally, and the result will be marvelous. Thousands upon thousands have been cured. No family need complain of Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Inflammation and Ague over Spasms, Wounds, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., if the Relief be but applied. Have it always in your house, or about you—like millions of families who are never without it. In an attack of Cholera, or Cholera Morbus, it is invaluable. Its virtues are irresistible.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

March 11, 1867. 2w

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S *GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS* are FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Periods, from Whatever Cause, and always Safe even at any Period.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first introduced by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in the practice of ladies in all parts of the civilized world, in every case, and it is only at the urgent request of the thousands of Ladies who have used them, *Dr. Duponco is induced to make the Pills public*, for by a system of treatment, so simple, any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family when the health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their mildness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to Females.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

50,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years. Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by request and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which ladies say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in Removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its proper Channel, and giving the Nerve and trembling Invalid the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent, confidentially, by Mail, to any part of the country, "free of postage."

Sold also by J. Spangler, Chambersburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Know Thy Destiny.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry—and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife, of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. 223, Hudson, N. Y.

March 4, 1867. 1y

A Young Lady

returning to her country home, after a sojourn of a few months in the City, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and that out of twenty-three she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the CIRCASSIAN BALM, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any Lady's toilet. By its use any *Lady or Gentleman* can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as Nature herself is simple, yet unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as Nature intended it should be, clear, soft smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by Mail or Express, on receipt of an order by

W. L. CLARKE & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West *Fayette St., Syracuse, N. Y.*

The only American Agents for the sale of the same.

March 4, 1867. 1y

Children's Lives Saved for 50 Cents.

Thousands of Children die annually of Croup. Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you need never fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 19 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old sores, and pains in the back and chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full Directions with *every bottle.* Sold by the Druggists. Depot, *56 Courtlandt* Street, New York. [Feb. 25, 1867. 7w

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the *Vital Powers, with sure means of relief.* Sent free of Charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [Dec. 3, 1866. 3oct'67

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh,

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 511 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as *he has no secrets in his practice.* Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination.

Sept. 24, 1866. 1y

Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

This great medicine cured Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, the Proprietor, of Pulmonary Consumption, when it had assumed its most formidable aspect, and when speedy death appeared to be inevitable. His physicians pronounced his case incurable, when he commenced the use of this simple but powerful remedy. His health was restored in a very short time, and no return of the disease has been apprehended, for all the symptoms quickly disappeared, and his present weight is more than two hundred pounds.

Since his recovery, he has devoted his attention exclusively to the cure of Consumption, and the diseases which are usually complicated with it, and the cures effected by his medicines have been very numerous and truly wonderful. *Dr. SCHENCK* makes professional visits to several of the larger cities weekly, where he has a large concourse of patients, and it is truly astonishing to see pulmonic consumptives that have to be lifted out of their carriage, and in a few months healthy, robust persons. Dr. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS are generally all required in curing Consumption. Full directions accompany each, so that any one can take them without seeing Dr. SCHENCK, but when it is convenient it is best to see him. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer he charges three dollars.

Pamphlets, where pulmonic, that the two likenesses of the Doctor—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health—are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Price $1.50

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY, the 23d day of MARCH inst., the subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of Henry Spalding, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, will sell at the late residence of said decedent, one mile west of Littlestown, on the Gettysburg Turnpike, the following Personal Property, viz:

3 GOOD HORSES, 12 head of Horned Cattle, 16 head of Sheep, 5 Hogs, 2 Sows, 10 Shoats, 1 Broad-tread Wagon, Two-horse Wagon, Carriage, Sleigh, Grain Drill, Reaper, Threshing Machine, Spring-tooth Rake, Winnowing Mill, Ploughs, Harrows, Corn Forks, Shovel Ploughs, Horse Gears, Bridles, Saddles, Fifth Chain, Log Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, Stretchers, Double and Single-trees, Forks, Rakes, &c. Also Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz:

BUREAUS, Beds and Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Settee, Desk, Ten-plate Stove, Dining Table, lot of Carpeting, Floor Oil Cloth, Chest, Dough Tray, Copper and Iron Kettles, Barrels, Tubs, Meat by the pound, Potatoes by the bushel, 1 barrel of Vinegar, with many other articles, not mentioned.

Sale to commence precisely at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES SPALDING,
D. C. SMITH,
Executors.

Jacob Klunk, Auctioneer.
March 11, 1867.

Chesnut Wood Land

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On TUESDAY, the 26th day of MARCH inst., the subscribers will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, about 20 ACRES OF CHESNUT TIMBERLAND, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, one and a half miles from Bendersville, adjoining lands of Franklin B. Weaner, John B. Hoffman, and others.

The tract is well covered with young thriving Chesnut timber, and will be offered in lots of from 2 to 4 acres, to suit purchasers. There is a good road to the land.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES FICKES,
SILAS FICKES.

March 11, 1867. ts*

Public Sale.

A RARE CHANCE FOR GOOD STOCK.—The subscriber, having paid special attention to raising good stock, and having more on hand at the present time than he needs, will sell at Public Sale, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH, inst., at the residence of Jacob Melhorn, in Mountpleasant township, (who also has sale at the same time and place,) the following valuable stock, viz:

TWO GOOD MARES, suitable for heavy draught or harness, and one of which is with foal; 3 choice Cows, Durham cross, and all stinted to a thorough-bred Alderney Bull; also 1 Durham Heifer.

Attendance given and terms made known by ABRAHAM FICKES.

March 11, 1867. 1t*

Drainage Pipes.

THE undersigned has now on hand, and continues to manufacture, large quantities of EARTHEN DRAINAGE PIPES, which he offers at 8 cents per foot at the manufactory. If desired, he will lay the pipes, either water tight or loose-jointed, at a reasonable compensation. They have been tried in different parts of the county, with entire success. For the drainage of cellars, &c., nothing better can be used. Specimens may be seen at Kalbfleisch's store, in Gettysburg.

The manufactory is in Oxford township, near Lilly's mill. Post Office address, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

JOHN BECKMAN.

March 11, 1867. 6m*

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE
PITKIN & CO.

5,000 New and Second Hand TEAM HARNESS.
10,000 BRIDLES and COLLARS.
3,000 SADDLES, all Styles—$2½ to $8.00.
200 Four-horse Government WAGONS
2,000 WAGON COVERS, all Sizes, new & worn.
5,000 BLANKETS, and HORSE COVERS.

Also, a large Stock of Reins, Lead Lines, Whips, Buggy and Ambulance Harness. Portable Forges, Chains, Single-trees, Lead Bars, etc., etc.

Wheel Team Harness,—little worn—all Oak tanned Leather and serviceable, cleaned and oiled, $5 00 per horse or mule, including Bridle. Lead do., $4 00. Wagon Bridles, $1 09, Collars, $1 to $2. Extra Hair lined Artillery Case do, $2½ and $3 00.

Double Reins, $1 75 to $2 25. Lead Lines, $1. Halters, $5 to $12 per dozen. Officers' New Saddles $18, with Plated Bit Bridle, $21; good as new, $12, with bridle, $14; valise Saddles for Boys, $6.

Wagon Covers, made to fit any Wagon.—heavy linen, $4 to $6; superior Cotton Duck, $5 to $8. 12 oz. Duck, $4 to $12.

1,000 Hospital Tents, new and good as new, 10 oz. duck—14 feet square—$30 to $40.

Officers' A. Tents, 7 feet square, from $5 to $8.

10,000 BAGS, from 12 oz. Duck, 1st quality, 2 bushel, $9 00; 2½ bus. $10 00; 3 bus. $11 per dozen; 2nd quality, $7 50, $8 50 and $9 50.

SMALL ORDERS SENT BY EXPRESS, C. O. D. PITKIN & CO.,
No. 427 & 339 North Front st., Phila.
No. 5 Park Place, New York.
No. 483 8th street, Washington, D. C.

Price list sent on application.

March 11, 1867. 2m

628. Hoop Skirts. 628.

NEW SPRING STYLES, "Our own make," embracing every new and desirable size, style and shape of Plain and Trail HOOP SKIRTS,—2, 2½, 2½, 2¾, 3, 3½, 3½, 3¾ and 4 yards round, every length and size waist; in every respect First Quality, and especially adapted to meet the wants of First Class and most fashionable Trade.

"Our own make" of Hoop Skirts, are lighter, more elastic, more durable, and Really Cheaper than any other make of either Single or Double Spring Skirt in the American Market. They are *warranted* in every respect, and wherever introduced give universal satisfaction. They are now being extensively sold by Retailers, and every Lady should try them.

Ask for "Hopkins' own make," and see that each skirt is stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, Manufacturer, 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia." No others are Genuine. A Catalogue containing Style, Size and Retail Prices, sent to any address. A uniform and liberal Discount allowed to Dealers. Orders by mail or otherwise, promptly and carefully filled—Wholesale and Retail, at Manufactory and Salesrooms, No. 628 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

TERMS, NET CASH. ONE PRICE ONLY.
WM. T. HOPKINS.

March 11, 1867. 10m

Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

JOHN M. REILING,
IN CARLISLE STREET,

west side, a few doors from the Public Square Gettysburg, has laid in an excellent assortment of Shoes, Gaiters, &c., for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN,

which he is offering at the very lowest profits. Having bought for cash, at the latest reduction, he is prepared to offer great bargains.

Leather and Shoe manufacturing carried on at the same place, and the best kind of work made. JOHN M. REILING.

May 14, 1866. tf

Pay Up!

THE undersigned having retired from business, he asks those indebted to make payment with as little delay as possible. Such as do not settle before the first of January next, will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE.

Gettysburg, Nov. 26, 1866.

EXCELSIOR is our motto; to please all our aim; and to render satisfaction, in every instance, our determination.

C. J. TYSON Gettysburg, Pa.

Hay Wanted.

THE undersigned will pay the highest market prices for HAY. Inquire at Spangler's Warehouse, Gettysburg.

GEO. C. STRICKHOUSER.

Nov. 25, 1866. tf

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH inst., the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, about two miles from New Oxford and about the same distance from New Chester, on the old Carlisle road, the following Personal Property, viz:

2 head of HORSES, (one a first-rate Brood Mare,) *Cows and Young Cattle, Three Shoats,* 1 Four-horse Wagon, 2 Spring Wagons with Covers, 1 One-horse Wagon, Hay Carriages, 1 excellent Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 new *Grain Fan (Schreiner's make,)* 1 patent Cutting Box, 1 Rolling Screen, 1 new Plough, (Diehl's patent,) 1 Harrow, Shovel Ploughs and Corn Forks, 1 new Corn Drill, Double and Single-trees, Log Chain, several lots of Horse Gears, Bridles and several new Collars, Manure and Hay Forks, a lot of Hoes, and a number of new Bags; Turning Lathe and Work Bench, a lot of Carpenter Tools, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JACOB MELHORN.

March 4, 1867. ts*

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 26th day of MARCH next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on his farm, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, near J. & E. Miller's store, about one mile from Gulden's and Hann's Stations respectively, the following personal property, viz:

1 WORK HORSE, 3 Cows, 1 Bull, 1 Heifer, 1 three-horse broad-tread Wagon, with Lime Box, Wood Ladders, Hay Ladders and Hay Carriages, Wire Rake, Ground Roller, Patent Cutting Box, Ploughs and Harrows, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, Double and Single-trees, Breechbands and Cruppers, Collars, Bridles, Housings, Wagon and Riding Saddles, Check Lines, Wagon and Plough Lines, Halter and Cow Chains, Breast Chains, Butt Traces, Stretchers, Log Chain, Grind-stone, Wheel-barrow, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Hoes, all the iron work for a new Plough, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PETER STALLSMITH.

Feb. 25, 1867. ts* [M. B. MELLER, Auc't.]

Public Sale

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On SATURDAY, the 30th of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove west, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, near White Hall, the following personal property, viz:

1 MARE WITH FOAL, 1 Cow, 1 Sheat, 1 One-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, as good as new, 1 good HEARSE, 1 set of Horse Gears, 1 set of Buggy Harness, Sleigh Bells, Corn Forks, Crow-bar, Picks, Shovels, Forks, Halter and Cow Chains; a full set of CABINET-MAKER TOOLS, with a first-rate Turning Lathe, Boring Machine, Grind-stone, a lot of half-inch Poplar and Cherry, and inch Poplar and Cherry Boards, Oak Joists, &c. Also, a variety of NEW FURNITURE: Sideboards, Bureaus, Sinks, Chests, Wash and Candle Stands; with Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as TABLES AND CHAIRS, Bedsteads and Beddiug, 2 Clocks, 3 Ten-plate Stoves and Pipe, Iron Kettles and Pots, Glass and Queensware, Tin and Crockery-ware, Tubs, Barrels, Meat Vessels, Bacon and Lard by the pound, in short, his entire stock of household articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOSEPH BEDERMAN.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.
Feb. 25, 1867. ts*

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 12th of MARCH inst., at 9 o'clock, A. M.—The undersigned, having determined to remove to the city, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, 2 miles south of Bendersville, and three-fourths of a mile from Wright's Tavern, Adams county, *nearly all his entire stock of Personal Property*, consisting of

1 BROOD MARE, with foal, 1 Cow, 1 Heifer, 1 three and four-horse Wagon and Lime Bed, 1 light Spring Wagon, 1 Buggy, 1 One horse Carriage, 1 good three-horse Wagon Bed, with a good set of Bows, 1 four-horse English Bed, with Bows, set of Hay Ladders, 2 Furrow Ploughs, 1 Single-Shovel Plough, 1 Double Shovel Plough, 2 Corn Forks, 2 One-horse Nursery Ploughs, Cultivator, Cultivator Harrow, Double and Single-trees, Spreaders, Chains, Horse Gears, double set of Round Trotting Harness, Patent Cutting Box, Mattock, Hoes, Shovels, Hay, Straw and Oats Forks, Grass Scythes, 2 Grain Cradles, Clover Seed Cradle, Bramble Scythes, 2 good Grindstones, one new, the other run by Cog Gearing, &c. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as

1 DESK AND BOOK-CASE, large Case of Drawers, 3 Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Sink, 3 Ten-plate Stoves, 1 Cooking Stove, nearly new, with Cooking Utensils generally, 1 forty gallon Copper Kettle, 1 large Iron Wash Kettle, a large lot of Stove Pipe, 4 Elbows, 2 Clocks, 2 Patent Washing Machines, 1 Universal Clothes Wringer, Meat Vessels, Cider Barrels, Wash Tubs, Dough Tray, Boxes, Fruit Jars and Cans, Crocks, 1 Scap of Bees in Patent Hive, a number of Oldroyd's Patent Odometers for attaching to carriages, drills, &c, to measure distances in traveling, 1 Chicken Incubator for hatching Eggs artificially, from 50 to 100 bushels of Carter Potatoes, have never had any rot among them, one Little Giant Sewing Machine, together with a "thousand and one" other articles not mentioned.

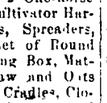
Attendance will be given and terms made known by HIRAM GRIEST.

March 4, 1867. [JOHN HANKS, Auctioneer.]

Orphans' Court Sale.

ON FRIDAY, the 22d day of MARCH instant, in pursuance of an alias Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, granted to the undersigned, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, the Real Estate of Peter Baker, deceased, consisting of

A FARM, *situate partly in Hamiltonban* township, Adams county, and partly in Franklin county, Pa., adjoining lands of Lazarus Baker, Walter Wagaman, George Douse, Henry Caufman, John Caufman and Leonard Caufman, containing 200 Acres, more or less, improved with a One and a Half Story



LOG HOUSE, Log Bank Barn, Spring House, &c. A fair proportion of the tract is well timbered.

☞ Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

DANIEL BALDWIN.

March 4, 1867. ts

Notice.

JOSEPH BAKER'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Joseph Baker, late of Franklin township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY KNOUSE, Adm'r.

March 4, 1867. 6w

Notice.

THE Holders of the Mortgage Bonds of the Gettysburg Railroad Company are requested to meet at the National Hotel in the Borough of York, on TUESDAY, the 19th of MARCH, at 12 o'clock, M.

WM. G. CASE, President
Gettysburg R. R. C.

March 4, 1867.

A Fine Farm

FOR SALE.—A desirable Farm, 207 acres, with good buildings, five and a half miles east of Frederick, Md., can be *bought on easy* terms. For full particulars, inquire of the Editor of the GETTYSBURG COMPILER.

March 4, 1867. tf

Cooking Stoves & Tinware.

AT REDUCED PRICES. Also, Bridge's Double Fire Chamber, Patent Fire-place Stove, a new and superior invention. Call and see it at S. G. COOK'S.

Jan. 28, 1867.

Large Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of MARCH next, the subscribers, Executors of the Will of Jacob Sheely, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Franklin township, Adams county, on the old Mcnallen road, about 1 mile northeast of Cashtown, the following personal property, viz:

5 good WORK HORSES, 2 Colts, 7 Cows, 3 head of Fat Cattle, 8 head of Young Cattle, 23 Sheep, besides a number of Lambs, 1 Brood Sow, 12 Shoats, 1 broad-tread four-horse Wagon, three-inch tire, 1 narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Log Wagon, 1 Cart, good Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Wood Ladders, Dung Boards, 1 new Falling-top Buggy and Harness, Threshing Machine, Spring Rake, Corn Fodder Cutter, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, 5 Ploughs, 3 Harrows, Cultivator, Corn Forks, 3 Double Shovel Ploughs, 1 Shireman Corn Planter, Spreaders, Single and Double-trees, Jack Screw, Jack Arter, Log Chains, Fifth Chain, Butt Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Chains, 2 sets Hind Gears, 5 sets of *Front Gears*, 2 sets Plough Gears, Wagon Saddle, Bridles, Halters, Housings, Collars, Wagon Whip, 1 Cross-cut Saw, Hand and Wood Saws, Axes, Mattocks, Picks, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, 1 *complete* set of Blacksmith's Tools, with Anvil and Vice, lot of old Iron, Maul and Wedges, 2 new Greencastle Grain Cradles, Cider Barrels, Meat Vessels, Copper Kettle, lot of Grain Bags, *lot of Apple Butter*, lot of Books, 1 eight day Clock, 1 Ten-plate Stove, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

AARON SHEELY,
JAMES McILVAIN,
Executors.

JOHN HANKS, Auctioneer.
Feb. 11, 1867.

Personal Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—On THURSDAY, the 21st day of MARCH next, the subscriber will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, about 2½ miles from Littlestown, and within ½ of a mile of the *Gettysburg* turnpike, the following personal property, viz:

4 head of HORSES, one a mare with foal, 5 Milch Cows, 2 Bulls, 6 Young Cattle, 12 Sheep, 2 Brood Sows, 10 Shoats, 1 *four-horse* broad-tread Wagon and Lime Bed, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon with Stone Bed, Hay Carriages and Ladders, 1 NEW BUCKEYE REAPER, with Self-raker attached, 1 new Threshing Machine, with Double Shaker, (rod machine,) Grain Drill, Corn Planter, Ploughs, corn forks, corn sheller, cloverseed huller, cutting box, horse gears, wagon and riding saddles, bridles, collars, 1 set of carriage harness, fifth chain, log chain, halter and cow chains, jack-screw, and other farming implements. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, viz: 4 BEDSTEADS, 4 tables, 1 safe, 1 clock, 1 cook stove and fixtures, 1 parlor stove, 2 spinning wheels, wool wheel, churns, barrels, tubs, meat vessels, pots, kettles and pans, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

PIUS P. FINK.

Feb. 11, 1867.* [Jacob Klunk, Auc'r.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 19th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, *intending to quit farming*, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, half a mile south of Mount Rock, and near the State road from Gettysburg to Hanover, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

2 head of WORK HORSES, 3 Three-yearling Colts, (2 of them a perfect match,) 7 head of Milch Cows, (3 of them will be fresh by time of sale,) 3 Heifers, 1 Bull, 8 fine Shoats, 1 Sow with Pigs, 5 Sheep, 2 Four-horse Wagons, (one a Broad-tread, nearly new, and the other a Narrow-tread,) Stone Bed, Hay Carriages, Hay Ladders, Wood Ladders, Feed Trough, 1 One-horse Wagon, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, (the thresher being new,) 1 Buckeye Reaper, Patent Wire Rake, Grain Drill, Clod Roller, Sled, 2 Harrows, Cultivator, 2 Ploughs, Corn Forks, Single and Double-trees, Three-horse-tree, Rolling Screen, Rakes, Pitch Forks, Manure Forks, Shaking Forks, Patent Cutting Box, lot of Grain Bags, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Log Chain, Fifth Chain, Halters and Chains, lot of Cow Chains, Wagon Saddle, Blind Bridles and Collars, Jack Screw, Mattocks, Picks, 2 Knapping Hammers, Dung Hook, with other *farming implements. Also Cooking Stove* and Pipe, 1 Table, 1 Wool-wheel, 1 Patent Churn, lot of Bacon, with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

SAMUEL SHORB.

JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer.
Feb. 18, 1867. ts*

Public Sale

OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 19th and 20th of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to remove west, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Tyrone township, Adams county, 1 mile north of New Chester, the following valuable personal property, viz:

6 WORK HORSES, (two of them mares with foal and one a first-rate stallion,) 1 Yearling Colt, 8 Milch Cows, (four of them will be fresh about the time of sale,) 3 Cattle, 20 Sheep, 3 Shoats, 1 broad-tread Wagon, with Bed, 1 two-horse Wagon, 1 Rockaway Buggy and Harness, with Spread, 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 Reaper and Mower, 1 *Grain Drill*, 1 Sleigh, 1 Sled, Ploughs, Harrows, Shovel Ploughs, Log Chains, Fifth Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, Stretchers, Single and Double-trees, 5 full sets of *Horse Gears. Also, Household* and Kitchen Furniture, viz:

7 BEDSTEADS, 2 Bureaus, 1 Corner Cupboard, Kitchen Dresser, 3 Tables, Chairs, 1 Eight-day Clock, 1 Cook Stove, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Ten-plate Stove, 1 Hand Cider Press, Flax Hackle, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on each day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JACOB WERTZ.

Feb. 25, 1867. ts* [L. HEIKES, Auc't.]

Notice.

CATHARINE MACKLEY'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Catharine Mackley, late of Straban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the *same to present them* properly authenticated for settlement

PETER MACKLEY,
MARY J. CASHMAN,
Administrators.

Feb. 25, 1867. 6t*

Notice.

ELIZABETH MACKLEY'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth Mackley, deceased, late of Straban twp., Adams co., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same twp., they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

PETER MACKLEY,
MARY J. CASHMAN.
Administrators.

Feb. 25, 1867. 6t*

Notice.

EDMUND F. GUBERNATOR'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Edmund F. Gubernator, late of Conowago township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES W. GUBERNATOR,
Executor.

Feb. 25, 1867. 6t

For Sale Cheap.

A FIRST-RATE SAW MILL AND SHINGLE MILL, all in *good condition*, and plenty of work, with good Water Power—one mile from Herring's Mill, in Franklin township; known as "Diehl's Mill." Possession given *April 1st*, 1867.

A. M. HUNTER.

Jan. 28, 1867.

Brinkerhoff's

CORN SHELLER, SEPARATOR AND CLEANER.

The undersigned would inform the Agricultural public that he has purchased from the Patentee of this extraordinary machine, the Patent Right for the States of Pennsylvania and Maryland.

Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, is pronounced the best machine of the kind in this country. *And in proof, it* may be mentioned that the "Advisory Committee appointed to select Implements for exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected this Sheller as the best in America," and at the request of J. C. Derby, U. S. Agent, a machine has been shipped to Paris for exhibition.

The fact may also be stated that at the great trial of Agricultural Implements, at Auburn, N. Y., in July last, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society, the Brinkerhoff Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner was reported by one of the most competent Committees as the best Corn Sheller out. They say, "We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it *the best Corn Sheller we ever saw.*" The report is signed by such men as John Stanton Gould, President N. Y. State Agricultural Society; B. P. Johnson, Secretary to same; Solon Robinson, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Tribune; S. Edwards Todd, Agricultural Editor N. Y. Times.

From among many complimentary newspaper notices, the following, from the New York *Observer*, is deemed sufficient:

"Among all the Hand Corn Shellers made in New York and Albany—and one single firm manufactures more than 10,000 annually—not one can enter the circle with the Sheller just invented by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, New York. It shells, separates and cleanses, rapidly and easily, at one operation, as fast as the ears can be put into the hopper."

The undersigned is now *prepared to dispose* of COUNTY RIGHTS. He will have SHELLERS ready for sale in the course of a month's time.

All letters to be addressed to

WM. WIBLE,
P. O. Box 246, Gettysburg, Pa.

March 11, 1867.

The National

REAPERS AND MOWERS.
Half horse! Patents!

The No. 1 Machine has two Driving Wheels, Hinge Joint and Folding Bar, making it very convenient to move from one place to another; is very simple in its construction, extremely light draft and durable, cuts 4 feet 10 inches in grass and 5 feet 2 inches in grain; is a Self-Raker and Side Delivery, and is *capable of cutting a whole field without* binding a sheaf, and does the most satisfactory work

This Machine can also be used as a Hand Machine without injuring its qualities as a Reaper. The Machine is warranted to cut Grass as well as any Single Mower that cuts the same width. It is a strong two-horse Machine—three or four can be used, if required, in hilly ground

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS have been made for the coming season.

The Machine is also perfectly balanced, no weight on the horses' necks in Mowing or Reaping.

No. 2 is a light two-horse Machine, and is differently constructed, cutting on the right-hand side; and in front of Driving Wheels is a Self-Raker and Side Delivery. The difference in the width of cut is 6 inches.

All Machines warranted to give satisfaction! For further information apply to

LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent,
3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 4, 1867. tf

SHIREMAN'S

NATIONAL SELF-DISCHARGING STEEL SPRING TOOTH

Horse Rake!

Patented September 9th, 1862, and Re-issued December 6th, 1864.

This Rake is an Independent Steel Spring Tooth Rake, and has proven itself to be the most perfect HORSE RAKE now in use *With this Rake the Horse does all the work*, both the Raking and Discharging, by the driver moving a lever a few inches, which throws it in gear, and as the horse moves forward it raises the teeth and *discharges its load*, and then shifts out of gear itself, the teeth dropping down ready to rake again. By this operation it is easily understood that the *Raker has hardly any work to do at all!*

Important improvements have been made of late, making it very simple and durable in its construction. Thousands of them have been sold in the few last years, and given the best kind of satisfaction.

Apply to LEWIS BUSHMAN, Agent,
3 miles south of Gettysburg.

March 4, 1867. tf.

New Saddler Shop,

ON "the Hill," Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.—Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY-NETS, &c.;

as low as the lowest.

J. M. ROWE.

March 4, 1867. tf

At the Old Business.

LEWIS KUMMERANT has *re-commenced* the TAILORING business, in Chambersburg street, between Washington and West streets, Gettysburg, and asks a share of the custom of the public. His long experience in the business enables him to guarantee good fits and good work, whilst the latest fashions will be consulted in cutting, whenever desired. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction, and he feels sure that all who patronize him will be satisfied. His prices for work are as low as they can possibly be to afford him an economical living, and no one could in reason ask them to be any less. He asks his old friends to give him a call, as well as the public generally.

Nov. 12, 1866.

IN my absence, there will always be a thoroughly competent operator in charge of the Excelsior Gallery, and work of all kinds and under all circumstances must give satisfaction before it can leave our Rooms.

C. J. TYSON.

NONE but first-rate PICTURES are allowed to be taken from the Excelsior Gallery. Samples shown before the order is filled.

C. J. TYSON.

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

SWAN'S store is the place to get all kinds of Groceries CHEAP

Poor House Accounts.

CORNELIUS DAUGHERTY, Esq., Treasurer, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams, from the 2nd day of January, A. D., 1866, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, both days inclusive:

DR.

Balance of Jacob Sheads, Esq., former Treasurer,	$121 67
Order on County Treasurer,	1,200 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	1,200 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	800 00
" "	1,200 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	2,000 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	1,000 00
" "	1,000 00
Cash on uncalled Orders,	29 00
Interest of John Martin,	6 09
Cash of George Meckley,	1 25
" John N. Graft,	2 50
" Pigs,	5 00
" Jacob Plank, ash trees,	20 00
	$14,385 42

CR.

Balance paid Jacob Culp, Esq., former steward,	$9 55
Out-door paupers' support,	1,056 00
Merchandise and groceries,	4,096 95
Range, freight and masonry,	492 01
Pork, beef and bacon,	1,924 95
Replacing horses lost by disease,	625 00
Beef cattle, cows and stock hogs,	627 03
Flour, grain and grinding,	964 57
Making fence and part materials,	942 31
Mechanics' work,	605 66
Stone coal, brick and freight,	892 10
Drugs and medicines,	52 27
Wood chopping, making rails & posts,	294 63
Sundry expenses,	291 85
Publishing accounts,	79 50
Relief to paupers,	144 87
Funeral expenses,	83 75
Male hirelings,	313 20
Female hirelings,	221 00
Percentage on insurance,	25 00
Directors' salary,	65 00
Counsel Fees,	25 00
Physician's salary,	135 00
Steward's salary,	250 00
Clerks' salary,	40 00
Treasurer's salary,	40 00
Balance in hands of Treasurer,	188 42
	$14,385 42

We, the subscribers, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do hereby certify, that we have examined the items which compose the foregoing account, and that they are correct—being from the 2nd day of January, A. D, 1866, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, both days inclusive.

JOSEPH BURKEE,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
HENRY L. BREAM,
Auditors.

JONAS JOHNS, Esq., Steward, in account with the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of the County of Adams—being from the 2nd day of January, A. D., 1866, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, both days inclusive:

DR.

To balance in hands of Steward at last settlement,	31 10
Order on Treasurer,	25 00
Cash of Deatrick, after death,	5 00
Andrew Polly, interest,	9 97
Weible & Son, hay,	85 45
Order on Treasurer,	93 44
Wm. McClean, rye flour,	1 15
Jacob Hollinger, timothy seed,	1 00
Order on Treasurer,	50 00
Per cow,	45 00
Pigs,	6 00
George Harper, after death,	1 10
Balance due Steward,	6 47
	$369 68

CR.

By general expenses,	36 15
Cash paid hirelings, harvesting, &c.,	94 44
Relief to paupers,	2 00
Funeral expenses,	4 00
Fruit and vegetables,	76 11
Lime, sand, &c.,	13 50
Groceries,	99 62
Merchandise,	33 35
Veal, fish, &c.,	23 75
Medicine, &c.,	3 00
Timothy seed,	2 50
Leather,	6 10
Postage and telegraphic despatches,	2 16
Heifer,	45 00
	$360 68

We, the subscribers, Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts, do certify that we have examined the items which compose the account, and do report that the same is correct—the same embracing the account of Jonas Johns, Steward, from the 2nd day of January, A. D., 1866, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, both days inclusive.

JOSEPH BURKEE,
J. C. PITTENTURF,
HENRY L. BREAM,
Auditors.

LIST OF PAUPERS remaining in the Alms House of Adams county, on the 1st of January, A. D., 1867:

Males,	46
Females,	33
Children, males,	4
" females,	8
Colored, males,	2
Total,	93
Transient paupers,	1,242

PRODUCTS OF THE FARM.

302½	bushels of	Wheat.
12½	"	Rye.
2800	"	Corn in ears.
960	"	Oats.
11	"	Timothy seed.
350	"	Potatoes.
30	"	Turnips.
30	"	Onions.
15	"	Red Beets.

3000 heads of Cabbage.
4294 pounds of Beef.
5507 " Pork.
9 head of Horned Cattle.
50 Pigs.
60 tons of Hay.
36 loads of Corn Fodder.

The number of deaths from Oct. 1, 1865, to Jan. 1, 1867, was 18.

JONAS JOHNS, Steward.

March 4, 1867. 4t

PHOTO MINIATURES, at the Excelsior Gallery, are superb and furnished at one third city prices. Call and examine specimens. C. J. TYSON.

Moro Phillips'

A GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,
Standard Guaranteed.

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURER'S DEPOTS,
No. 27 North Front St., Philadelphia,
AND
No. 95 South Street, Baltimore,
And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The Material of which Moro Phillips' Phosphate is manufactured contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The ammonia present gives it great additional fertilizing value.

Six years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only active but lasting. MORO PHILLIPS,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

☞ Price $56 per ton of 2,000 lbs. Discount to Dealers.

March 4, 1867. 9m

Agreeable

AND PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT FOR LEISURE TIME.

MESSRS. BLACKWELL & CO., *Newspaper and Periodical Subscription Office, No. 82 Cedar Street, New York,*

Desire to encourage one good correspondent in each town to extend their business in the principal Magazines and Newspapers, for which they take subscriptions at the publishers' lowest prices.

The business is respectable, pays well, and no capital is required: it is also suitable for Ladies. Full particulars in our "Correspondent's Circular," mailed free.

Also, now ready, a new Edition of our Third Annual Newspaper and Periodical Catalogue (for 1867) containing over 200 different publications—a most useful thing to all lovers of literature. Free to any address.

BLACKWELL & CO.,
82 Cedar street, New York.

Feb. 25, 1867. tMar31 Box 4238 P. O.

Wm. C. Stallsmith,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,
CARPENTER & CONTRACTOR,

keeps constantly on hand and manufactures to order.

Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Sash, Door and Window Frames, Cornice, Door and Window Brackets,

or any other article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch ☞ Orders promptly attended to. [Jan. 28. 3m

Latest Fashions

DEMAND J. W. BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRT.

THE WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and great COMFORT and PLEASURE to any lady wearing the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC SKIRT will be experienced particularly in all crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages,

Jules Jared's

"EMAIL DE PARIS."

THE NEW

Beautifier of the Skin.

TESTIMONIALS FROM CELEBRATED LADIES.

This secret of beautifying the skin being known only to Messrs. Jared & Rene, they honorably state that it differs from all other preparations. It gives to the most harsh and freckled skin both the texture and color of polished ivory, removing all discolorations, whether appearing as freckles, tan, morphew, moth or blackworm specks, and is especially successful in smoothing out the marks left by the small-pox.

The agents of "L'Email de Paris" most confidently submit to the public the earnest endorsements of such distinguished ladies as

Signora RISTORI,
Mdlle FELICITA VESTVALI,
Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL,
Mrs. D. P. BOWERS,
LUCILLE WESTERN,
Madame PONISI,
Mrs. EMMA WALLER,
LUCY RUSHTON,
NOEMIE DE MARGUERITTES;
Miss A PERRY

and many others, whose high standing in the profession gives the stamp of truthfulness to their intelligent and genuine approval.

The beautiful Lucille Western says:

"I find that the 'Email' produces all the brilliancy of rouge and lily-white, with the great and peculiar advantage of total harmlessness. It really adds to the softness and beauty of the skin."

The magnificent Vestvali says:

"I have suffered so much from the various white lotions, &c., which my theatrical profession obliges me to use, that I consider it a perfect benefaction to find a preparation which gives the necessary whiteness to the skin, and leaves the skin cool and smooth."

Miss Maggie Mitchell says:

"I have tried the skin beautifier, 'L'Email de Paris,' and found that it instantly imparts a natural bloom and freshness to the complexion."

"Jared's Email de Paris" is used as a delicate beautifier of the skin for Theatre, Saloon or Ball Room, by the most refined and scrupulous ladies, producing all the beautifying effects of rouge and lily-white, without their vulgar glare or injury to the skin.

Sold by all first-class Druggists, Perfumers and Ladies' Hair Dressers.

L. Lanteaun 822 Broadway; Demas Barnes & Co., and F. C. Wells & Co., New York; and Eugene Jouin, 111 South Tenth street, and Johnston, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia, Agents.

JARED & RENE,
General Agents and Importers,
Jan. 28, 1867. 6m New York.

DOBBINS'

Electric Soap

SAVES TIME!
SAVES MONEY!
SAVES LABOR!
SAVES CLOTHES!
SAVES WOMEN!

AND ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

It is used by cutting into small shavings and dissolving in hot water, then soak the clothes five to ten minutes and a little hand rubbing will make them as clean as hours of hard machine rubbing would do, with ordinary soap, and the most delicate fabric receive no injury. We can refer to thousands of families who are using it, and who could not be persuaded to do without

DOBBINS'
ELECTRIC
SOAP.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING GROCERS THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Manufactured only by
DOBBINS & LOVE.
WHOLESALE OFFICE:
107 *South Fifth Street, Philadelphia.*
Nov. 12, 1866 9m

PERSONS wishing PHOTOGRAPHS of their children will find it to their advantage to call at the Excelsior.
C. J. TYSON, Gettysburg, Pa.

Fall and Winter Goods.

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also, a fine assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. Call and see us. No trouble to Show Goods. A. SCOTT & SONS.
Sept. 17, 1866.

New Bakery!

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER, Mechanical Bakers, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa.—Constantly on hand, the best of BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c. Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call! [April 20, '68. tf

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Cooking Stoves

OF every variety, including the "Noble Cook," "Royal Cook," "Waverly," "Ornamental," "Oriental," &c. Also, Tin-ware, Sheet-iron-ware, Hollow-ware, and every variety of Kitchen Furniture—including a variety of Lanterns. Also, a new and much improved Flour Sifter, for sale by
C. H. BUEHLER,
Corner of Carlisle and Railroad sts.,
Feb. 19, 1866. Gettysburg, Pa.

Blacksmithing.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public, that he continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, at his shop, lately Philip Doersom's, adjoining Troxel's paint shop, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where he will at all times be prepared to do Blacksmithing work to Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, &c. That he knows how to do all jobs of the kind will not be questioned by those who have a knowledge of his long experience at the business.—Come on with your work, and you will be satisfied when you take it away—and for which he will receive Cash or Country Produce.
ADAM HOLTZWORTH.
Mar. 20, 1865. tf

AGENTS WANTED.
BARTLETT
SEWING MACHINES.
Fully Licensed. Exclusive territory given. Pay from $40 to $300 per month. For terms, Illustrated Circulars, &c., address, with stamp, either office.
PAGE BROTHERS, Gen'l Agents,
214 Chestnut St., Phila., Penn.
221 Summit St., Toledo, O.
$25.00
AGENTS WANTED.
Dec. 3, 1866. 3m

The Far Famed

"UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER."—Besides the great saving of Labor, the saving in the wear and tear of clothing in a single year, more than amounts to the price of this Wringer. It is strange that any family should be willing to do without it. For sale at FAHNESTOCK BROS and at C. H. BUEHLER'S [Feb. 19.

Notice.

LYDIA HOLLINGER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Lydia Hollinger, late of East Berlin, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, York county, Pa., he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
GEORGE DICK,
Feb. 11, 1867. 6t* Executor.

CONSTANTLY on hand, an assortment of FINE FRAMES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Cards and Baskets for grasses from the Battle Field. PHOTOGRAPHS of our Generals and other distinguished individuals at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

AT HORNER'S DRUG STORE you can always find a good assortment of BRUSHES, COMBS, PERFUMERY, SOAPS &c., &c., &c.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.
OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—Dr A. Buehler.
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, E. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; A. Heintzeman, Franklin; Wm. D. Himes, New Oxford; Wm. B. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban township; John Wolford, Latimore township; John Picking, East Berlin; Abel T. Wright, Bendersville; Abdel F. Gitt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban township; John Cunningham, Freedom township; John Horner, Mountjoy township; Wm. Ross White, Liberty township.

☞ This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 15 years, and in that period has made but *one* assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $13,938—$6,769 of which have been paid during the last two years. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the 1st Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
Oct. 16, 1865. tf

Removal

OF BOTH OUR SHOPS TO CHAMBERSBURG STREET.
OPEN TO-DAY, MAY 17, 1866.

We take special pleasure in announcing to our friends and customers that we have this day opened our ICE CREAM SALOONS, at our new stand in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Lutheran Church. We have had the apartments fitted up in the best style—Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call.

We will also furnish Ice Cream in any quantity to public or private parties, at prices unprecedented. We will also have constantly on hand Fresh Cakes, which we will furnish to all parties and picnics at the shortest notice.

MEAD AND MINERAL WATER
can always be had icy and cool at all hours

Having had a life-long experience in the manufacture of all the foregoing articles we ask the patronage of the public generally.
May 21, 1866. tf MINNICH & BRO.

Fresh Confectionery

AND ICE CREAM SALOON.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity that he has a Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections, together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of fruits, always on hand.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cakes, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise,) and other refreshments at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionery.
May 28, 1866. tf JOHN GRUEL.

Grocery & Liquor Store.

A FIRST-RATE ASSORTMENT of GROCERIES, cheap. FISH of different kinds. A large lot of
POTOMAC HERRING,
at low price. The best and largest assortment of LIQUORS ever kept in this place. PURE WINE, BRANDY, RYE WHISKEY, &C., for medicinal and other purposes, in quantities large or small. Also—
MISHLER'S CELEBRATED HERB BITTERS.
WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore st., Gettysburg.
May 28, 1866.

Cheap for Cash!

NEW STORE!
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

THE undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court-House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of GROCERIES,—Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Molasses, Syrups, Salt, &c; with Fish, Bacon, Lard, and so on.

Also, LIQUORS—Wines, Brandies, Gins, Whiskies, Rums, and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.
April 23, 1866.

Hardware & Groceries.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of
BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this Store—Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.
JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 16, 1864.

Cannon's

MARBLE WORKS,
On Baltimore street, Nearly Opposite the Court House,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every description of work executed in the finest style of the art.
June 4, 1865. tf

Groceries, Notions, &c.

GEORGE H. SWOPE, having purchased the fine GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT of James A. Grimes, on York street, a few doors east of Wolf's Hotel, and having added largely to the already extensive assortment on hand, offers the public a variety of Goods in his line rarely, if ever before, kept here.

His SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, &c., can't be beat, in quality or price; whilst his assortment of NOTIONS embraces almost everything the public can possibly need. House-keepers and others should give him a call before buying elsewhere, as he is convinced that he has the best stock in town, and that no one can go away disappointed.

☞ The CABINET-MAKING business is continued, in all its branches, at the old stand, a few doors east of the Store. No efforts spared to please the public, as heretofore.
Gettysburg, Nov. 7, 1866. tf

Flour! Feed! and Groceries!

AT THE CHEAP STORE ON THE HILL.

If you wish to buy any of the above articles cheaper and better than you can get them anywhere else, go to the Grocery Store of the undersigned on the Hill, in Baltimore street, where customers can always be accommodated, and where all are invited to call and see for themselves. The public will always find a full and choice assortment of
SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SNUFFS, FISH, BACON, LARD, CHEESE, CRACKERS, BUTTER, EGGS, &c.
—ALSO—
GLASS-WARE, CROCKERY-WARE, NOTIONS, &C., COAL OIL LAMPS, FISH OILS, AND FLOUR AND FEED,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

WANTED.—Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, and Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid, either in trade or cash.

☞ Being determined to conduct my business in a fair and honorable way, and to sell cheap, I invite all to give me a call.
HENRY OVERDEER.
April 9, 1866. tf

A (Bitter) Acrostic.

RESPECTFULLY Dedicated to the Proprietor of the Great Zingari, by a late Dyspeptic.

Far away from the pyramids of Egypt he came,
Restoring the sick, and healing the lame;
A cure for the cholera, that dreadful disease;
Heaven sent him on earth the dyspeptic to ease.
There are those who were troubled with fever and chills,
Even they took but one bottle and were cured of their ills.
Resolved that in future, if ever they shake,
Such pleasant, nice Bitters—no other they take.
Get a bottle if troubled with nervousness, chills;
Ralter says it will cure; just try its ability.
Essence of life, then, to young and to old;
A certain preventive from coughs and colds.
Try it all, who are troubled with a weak appetite.
Zest is given by these (Bitters), if only used right;
Incontinence, colic, or mild diarrhœa,
None who've tried it of either have any more fear.
Great tidings is this, then, for rich and for poor;
A bottle can be had for a dollar (and more—
Ralter gives it to those unable to pay),
In no case of sickness will he turn them away.
F. RALTER'S GREAT ZINGARI.

WHAT THE ZINGARI BITTERS HAVE DONE.—We publish the following for the benefit of the afflicted everywhere:

"I suffered for a long time of Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, and frequent attacks of Liver Complaint. Often the sufferings were so great that life was almost intolerable. I tried several eminent physicians, and most of the popular remedies recommended for such complaints, but found little relief until a few weeks ago I commenced the use of F. Ralter's Great Zingari Bitters, and am now perfectly cured." HENRY HILL.

Harrisburg City, Pa., Sept. 8, 1865.

Personally appeared the above named Henry Hill, and made oath in due form that the facts are true as above stated.

A. C. SMITH, Notary Public.

☞ For sale by G. F. Kalbfleisch and W J. Martin, Gettysburg.
Nov. 12, 1866.

Teas! Teas!

TEAS FOR THE PEOPLE. No More Enormous Profits for Consumers to pay. Fifty Cents to One Dollar per *Pound* Saved by buying your Teas direct from the Importers.

T. Y. Kelley & Co., Importers of Teas, in connection with their large wholesale business, have determined to introduce their Teas directly to consumers at importers' prices, thus effecting a saving to the consumer of 40 to 60 per cent. Families can now club together for any kind or qualities of Teas, in packages of one pound and upwards, and we will send them a superior article of Tea at 5 per cent. above the cost of importation. Let some energetic lady or other person in each neighborhood call upon her acquaintances and take their orders for any of the following named Teas, and when a club of ten, twenty, or more is obtained, send to us and we will send the Teas put up in separate packages, with the name of each person marked on it, all enclosed in one box. As a *further inducement* to the person getting up the club we will send for his or her services, an extra complimentary package on all orders of $30 and upward. It is perhaps not well understood *why* we can sell Teas so very low; but when it is taken into consideration that besides the original cost of importation, the Broker, Speculator, Jobber, Wholesale Dealer and Retailer, has each to reap a large profit, and the innumerable Cartages, Cooperages, Insurances, Storages, &c., which Teas have to pass through before they reach the consumer, will readily explain this. We propose to do away with seven-eighths of these profits and expenses, and it now remains with the *people* to say whether they shall save 50 cents to $1 00 per pound on every pound of Tea they purchase, or be compelled to give their earnings to a host of useless go-betweens.

PRICE LIST.

OOLONG. (Black) 70, 80, 90, $1 00, $1 10, best $1 25 per pound.
ENGLISH BREAKFAST, (Black) 80, 90, $1 00, best $1 25 per pound.
YOUNG HYSON. (Green) 85, 95, $1 00, extra $1 25, superior $1 50 per pound.
MIXED, (Green and Black) 70, 80, 90, best $1 00 per pound.
IMPERIAL, (Green) $130, best, per pound.
JAPAN, $1 00, $1 10, $1 25, best, per pound.
GUNPOWDER, (Green) $1 30, best $1 60 per pound.

COFFEE DEPARTMENT.

We have lately added a Coffee Department to our establishment, and although we cannot promise the consumer as great a saving as we can on Teas, (the margin for profit on Coffees being very small,) yet we can sell Coffees fully 25 per cent. cheaper than retailers charge. Our Coffees come direct from the Custom House, and we roast and grind them perfectly pure, put up in 1 or more pound packages, at an advance of 2 cents per pound.

Our Wholesale Price—Ground Coffees—Fair Rio, 25, 30 cents per pound. Best Old Government Java, 40 cents. Best Ceylon, 40 cents.

SENDING MONEY.—Parties sending orders for less than $30 for Teas or Coffees should send it with their order a P. O. Draft or the money, to save the expense of collecting by Express. But large orders we will forward by Express and collect on delivery.

We shall be happy at all times to receive a call at our warehouse from persons visiting the city, whether dealers or not.

T. Y. KELLEY & CO.,
Late Kelley & Vought,
No. 56 Vesey Street, New York.
Jan. 21, 1867. $15

Carriage-making Business.

THE war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, GETTYSBURG,
where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞ REPAIRING done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
DANNER & ZIEGLER.
July 10, 1865. tf

Carriages and Buggies.

TATE & CULP
are now building a variety of
COACH WORK
of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE. WM. E. CULP.
Mar. 19, 1866.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as
THRESHERS AND POWERS,
(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters; CAST PLOUGHS,
such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the
WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,
the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses,
IRON RAILING
for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE.—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, and a Spring Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.
April 30, 1866. tf

Pine Shingles.

A LARGE lot of Pine Shingles from $6.50, to $15 per 1000; for sale at the Lumber yard of C. H. BUEHLER.
Oct. 23, 1866.

GET your PHOTOGRAPHS at TYSON'S

Removal!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,
of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—
THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,
a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience.—SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in *GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.*

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the County, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the
NEW GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.
Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.
June 25, 1866.

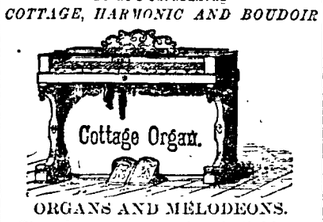
Kisinger & Shireman,

NO. 8 WEST MARKET STREET,
YORK, PA.,
AGENTS AND DEALERS IN
PIANOS AND CABINET ORGANS,
MELODEONS,
AND ALL KINDS OF
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Reikes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son,

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED
COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR



ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this Country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounce them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a lifetime of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All Instruments warranted for five years.

☞ BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

☞ Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.
Dec. 17, 1866. tf

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100.000 Bushs. Grain Wanted.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE. WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS, in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a LINE OF FREIGHT CARS from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., No. 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line, assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.
BIDDLE & BENNER.
April 16, 1866 tf

New Warehouse.

100,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN WANTED, at the new Grain and Produce House, in Carlisle street, adjoining Sheads & Buehler's establishment. The highest market price will always be paid in cash for
GRAIN, of all kinds,
FLOUR, SEEDS, &c.
Always on hand and for sale, at the smallest profits,
GUANOS,
SALT, FISH,
GROCERIES, &c.,
Wholesale and retail.
TRY US! We shall do our best to give satisfaction in all cases.
McCURDY & DIEHL.
Gettysburg, May 11, 1865. 1y

New Lumber Yard.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Quinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half inch BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.
JACOB SHEADS.
Oct. 29, 1866. tf

Lime & Coal.

QUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply the best of LIME, in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand, for sale, a good supply of the different kinds of COAL, which they will sell at small profits.

Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.
May 14, 1866. tf

Inauguration

OF LOW PRICES.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and customers to his large and well selected stock of
DRY GOODS
Comprised in part of
French Merinoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black and Colored Alpacas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings.

Also, a fine lot of Ladies' FURS AND SHAWLS, as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for the cash. J. L. SCHICK.
Dec. 17, 1866.

Great Excitement!

A

MAJORITY of those who read Newspapers never give a hasty glance at a business advertisement, and if a

MAN

actually has the best, the prettiest and the cheapest goods in all creation, actually selling them at break-down prices—too few heed the fact for their own interest, therefore we have

FOUND

it best to simply invite every body to call and examine our stock and prices before buying one dollar's worth elsewhere, for I can and will make it to the interest of all those who are not

DEAD

to their true interest and who wish to save money, therefore to buy everything

IN

the line of good and cheap clothing at my store, where there has just been received a most magnificent assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Overcoats, Dress Coats, Business Coats, Pants and Vests of all kinds, Overshirts and Undershirts, Stockings, Suspenders, Cravats and Notions, Clocks, Musical Instruments, and many other things in my line, all of which I am selling at very low prices. Call on F. B. PICKING, Baltimore street, near the public Square,

GETTYSBURG.

Oct. 29, 1866.

Great Attraction

AT PRINKERHOFF'S CHEAP CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE, at the North East Corner of the Diamond. The subscriber is constantly in receipt of fresh goods from the Eastern cities. His stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING
is one of the largest and most attractive, as well as the cheapest establishment of the kind in the country. You will there find COATS, PANTS AND VESTS, made up in the most fashionable styles, and of the best materials, of all sizes and prices, for men and boys.—Gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description, Wool Shirts, Muslin Shirts, Hickory Shirts and Merino Shirts, Merino, Wool and Cotton Drawers, Hosiery of every description Buck-skin, Merino and Cotton Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Clothes and Shoe Brushes, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Shoe Blacking, Pocket and Dressing Combs, Ivory Combs, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Violins and Violin Strings, Soaps and Perfumeries, Stationery of all kinds, Pocket Knives, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, an extra quality of Segars. In fact, his stock embraces everything usually found in a first class furnishing store. I invite the attention of all to come and see for themselves, as I am determined to sell goods lower than any other establishment in the country. Don't forget the place. Corner of York street and the Diamond. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.
July 4, 1864.

NEW FIRM,

AT THE OLD STAND.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I have associated with me, in business, my son, John F. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & Son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war, the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known stand on Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with renewed attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage. DAVID McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers,
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	Hames, all kinds, with or without fastenings
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Housings,
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	Scotch Collars (leather)
Wagon Saddles,	" " (tucking)
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black,	No Seam Collars,
rounded or flat,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Martingals,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Heavy Draft Harness,	Plaited Team Whips,
Blind Bridles,	Trotting Whips,
Girths,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Crappers;	Whip Lashes,
	Horse Blankets,
	&c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first class general horse furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country. (two having worked in this establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draft and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself.
D. McCREARY & SON.
Feb. 5, 1866. tf

Fresh Arrival.

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES.

COBEAN & CO. have just received and opened another splendid assortment of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, for Summer wear, which they are selling at very low prices considering the times. The latest styles of Summer Hats and Caps, of every description and price. Boots and Shoes, of superior make, and warranted to fit, always on hand. Work made to order and repairing done on short notice, by experienced workmen. Also,
HARNESS MAKING,
carried on in all its branches. Persons wanting anything in this line would do well to call.

☞ Don't forget the old stand in Chambersburg street, if you want Bargains.
COBEAN & CRAWFORD.
June 19, 1865.

Saddling.

THE undersigned has commenced the SADDLE and HARNESS-MAKING business, on the Hill, in Baltimore street, in the building formerly occupied by D. Sweeney as a Chairmaker's shop, up-stairs, where he asks those wanting anything in his line to call. Work done in the best manner, and prices moderate. HARNESS REPAIRED at short notice. A lot of new Saddles and Harness on hand.
J. M. ROWE.
Gettysburg, June 25, 1866. 3m

Western Lands.

THE subscriber has some valuable WESTERN LANDS, which he will trade for one or more FARMS in this county. The lands are well located, and very desirable for farming. Early application desired.
JACOB BRINKERHOFF.
Gettysburg, April 3, 1865. tf

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach, and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.
PREPARED BY
S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,
AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Laughlin & Bulkhead, Wheeling, Va; C. C. Bender & Co., Pittsburg; Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, Philadelphia.
Dec. 17, 1866. 1y

Cabinet Furniture.

THE subscribers hereby inform their customers and the public generally, that they have now on hand, and continue to manufacture to order,
CABINET FURNITURE,
which, for style and durability, finish and price, will compete with any in the county.—Our present stock consists of every variety of Furniture usually kept in a first class Furniture Ware Room. Fashionable, ornamental or plain Furniture manufactured in the most substantial manner, by most experienced workmen, and at the lowest cash prices.

UNDERTAKING.

Having a new Hearse, particular attention will be given to this branch of their business. They are prepared to make and furnish Coffins of any desired quality, and attend Funerals at the shortest notice—and on such terms as cannot fail to please all.

The subscribers return their thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to them in the past, and hope to merit and receive a continuance of public patronage.

Shop and Ware Room third building east of the Square. H. FETE & BRO.
Littlestown, April 16, 1866. tf

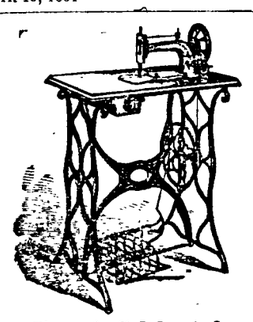
Lancaster Book Bindery.

GEORGE WIANT,
BOOK BINDER,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,
LANCASTER, PA.

Plain and Ornamental Binding, of every description, executed in the most substantial and approved styles.

REFERENCES.

E. W. Brown, Esq., Farmers Bank of Lancaster
W. L. Pepper, Esq., Lancaster County Bank
Samuel Shock, Esq., Columbia Bank.
Samuel Wagner, Esq., York Bank.
William Warner, Esq., York County Bank.
T. D. Carson, Esq., Bank of Gettysburg.
Peter Martin, Esq., Prothy of Lancaster co., Pa
Geo. C. Hawthorn, Esq., Register " "
Geo. Whitson, Esq., Recorder " "
April 15, 1864



Singer's Celebrated.

THE very best and latest improved machine in use, for sale at the CLOTHING STORE of JACOBS & BRO., in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where you can buy the best and cheapest Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and every variety of goods in the line of
MEN AND BOYS WEAR.

You can have them cut out and made up in the very best style if you wish, at moderate prices, and without any risk whatever.
GEO. JACOBS & BRO.
August 20, 1866.

A Lecture to Young Men.

JUST published, in a sealed envelope.—Price 6 cents. A